CHARLES ALEXANDER, PUBLISHER, No. 112 CHESNUT STREET, OPPOSITE TO THE POST-OFFICE.-TERMS SO PER ANNUM. PAYABLE HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.

RPISTLE

MAN WILLIAM MARISOTON TO HIS SUBLEST PAIRS. z. c.−1635.

I have the country 'v dirt and manners, yet
I have the silenor; I embrace the wit
And courtship, flowing here in a full title,
But touth the expense, the vanity and pride.
We place each way is happy. Here I hold
Commerce with some, who to my care unfold
[After a due oath ministred] the height
And greatness of each star shines in the state,
The brightness, the celipse, the influence. And greatness of each star shines in the state,
The brightness, the cellipse, the infinence.
With others I commune, who tell me whence
The sorrent doth of foreign discord flow:
Relate each skirmish, battle, overthrow,
Buon as they happen; and by rote can tell
Those German towns, even puzzle me to spell.
The cross, or prosperous fais, of princes they
Asserbe to rashness, comming or delay;
And on each action comment, with more skill Aparible to rashness, comming or near; And on each action comment, with more skill Than upon Livy, did old Machineel.

Dhosy folly! Why do I my brain Perplex with the dult policies of Spain, or quick designs of France! Why not repair to the pure innocence o'th' country sir, and position there, dear friend! Who so do To the pure inaccence o' th' country sir, and neighbor thee, dear friend! Who so dost give They thoughts to worth and virtue, that to live Biest is to trace thy wave. There might not we Arm against passion with philosophy; And, by the sid of leisure, so control What are is said to be seen a control when it was to be seen as a control when it was to be seen as a control what is not to be seen as a control what is not to be seen as a control what is not to be seen as a control what is not to be seen as a control when it was to be seen as a control when it was to be seen as a control when it was to be seen as a control when it was to be seen as a control when it was to be seen as a control when the seen as a control was a control when the seen as a control was a control when the seen as a control was a control when the seen as a control was a control was a control was a control when the seen as a control was a control was a control was a control when the seen as a control was a contro e'er is earth in us, to grow all soul? Knowledge doth ignorance ingender, when We study mysteries of other men, And foreign plots. Do but in the own shade And foreign plots. Do but in thy own shade (Thy head upon some flow'ry pillow laid, Thy head upon some flow'ry pillow laid, Kind anture's housewifery) contemplate all His strategems, who labours to enthral The world to his great master, and you'll find Ambition mocks itself, and grasps the wind. Not conquest makes us great. Blood is too dea A price for glory: Honour.doth appear To statesmen like a vision in the night, And, juggler-like, works o'th' deluded sight. Th' unbusied only wises for no respect. Endangers them to error they affect Truth in her naked beauty, and behold Man with an equal eye, not bright in gold
Or tall in title; so much him they weigh
As virtue raiseth him above his elsy.
Then let us value things; and since we find nd us toward death, let's in our mind Create new youth; and arm against the rude Assaults of age; that no dull solitude O' th' sountry dead our thoughts, nor busy care O' th' town make us to think, where now we are And whither we are bound. Time me'er forgot His journey, though his steps we numbered not

LIEN OF JUDGMENTS. The following bill has passed both Houses of the State Legislature during the present session. A Supplement to the act entitled An act limiting the time during which judgments shall be a lien on real estates and suits may be brought against the sureties

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and se of Representatives of the Commonwealth nasylvania in General Assembly met, and ereby enacted by the authority of the same, hat the second section of the act entitled "A time during which judgments shall be a lien a real cetate and suits may be brought against March, 1827, shall not be construed to limit lien of any judgments regularly entered beyears according to the true intent and of the then existing laws of the comments, the liens of which were extended beyond five years by the then existing laws by which were to expire within two years from the farch, 1827, be and the same is hereby contiqued and extended for one year from and after the passage of this act.

# From the Inverness Courier.

A PERSEVERING AUTHOR. Collectors of curiosities in art and literature are often greater curiosities themselves than the works they snatch from oblivion. Amongst this number undoubtedly is Mr. Buchan, compiler of two volumes of ancient Scottish ballads, gathered from the recitation of old people, and recently published in Auld Reekie. Mr. Buchan is the son of an honest fisherman of Peterhead, in which place he himself sojourns, illuminating the lieges with the help of a printing press, made and worked by his own hands. At an early age Mr. Buchan was put apprentice to a wheelright, and having completed the term of his indenture, he entered most appropriately into a grocer's shop. Here he continued some time, dispensing tea and sugar and measuring off pig-tail tobacco for the sailors; and amusing himself in his hours of relexation by making fiddles, drawing pictures, and engraving them. An ambition. however, of figuring in the world of letters (and a most laudable one it was,) prompted our friend to sigh for an initiation into the mysteries of a printing-office. The triumphs of old Caxton and Wynkyn de Worde were at this time wholly unknown, or, at least unappreciated, by the good folks of Peterhead and Mr. Buchan set himself resolutely to dispel this Egyptian darkness. He cast a font of types and set up a press, to the no small astonishment and amusement of the natives, who prophesied that the whole would soon be crushed like a limpet shell. Peter, however, was upsides with his detractors. Having an itch for rhyming and satire, he gibbeted all his enemies in verse-an employment which was of course lauded by some and assailed and ridiculed by others. One of the former encouraged our author in the following magnanimous strain :-

While limpets cling to hard sea rocks, And lobsters lurk below; While fish creels swing, and cadgers drink, Spars no disdainful foe.

Acting in the spirit of this prudent and po-etical admonition, Peter laid about him right and left, like an Irishman in a row, and soon became a public character in Peterhead. Neither the printing press nor types, however worked well. The former was always giving some unlucky lurch which had no good effect on the types, and the latter were originally by no means like those used by Ballantyne or Bensley. To substitute better materials was no easy task; but after various cogitations, Mr. Buchan hit upon the following expedient: - A vessel was then building In the docks, and having a turn for all sorts

carpenter and worked sedulously in building the wooden walls that were to plough the German Ocean. Carpenters' wages were then high, and with the surplus produce of his earnings, carefully husbanded, Mr. Bu-chan set off for Edinburgh in a smack to purchase a new press and better types. Here he obtained admission into a printing office, and in six weeks mastered all the difficulties of the art. He found, moreover, many kind and generous friends in Edinburgh (among whom were the Earl of Buchan and Sir W Forbes,) and by their aid he returned to his native place, bearing with him the objects of his long cherished ambition-a press and types. When Mr. Buchan first committed the sin of rhyming we cannot tell. Probably, like Pope, he lisped in numbers; but it was not till 1815 that he ventured upon the publication of a regular collection. In that nemorable year he disburthened his muse and press of a volume bearing the ominous title of " Recreations for Leisure Hours.' Lord Byron first commenced authorship with a volume similarly entitled, but neither his Lordship's nor Mr. Buchan's was well received; though the latter escaped the sledge hammer blows of "The Edinburgh Review." Since then Mr. Buchan has pursued the even tenor of his way, printing and publishing, and treasuring up every scrap of antiquity which happened to fall into his hands. The most important of his works is "A History of Peterhead," which evigces considerable information and research, and is executed with typographical neatness and accuracy. In his publication of the "Ancient Ballads of the North," Mr. Buchan has been cheered and assisted by the countenance of Sir Walter Scott, and the collection is no mean acquisition to the lyrical antiquities of our country. Every Scotsman must feel grateful to see the ancient ballad strains of the North garnered up and rescued from "the tooth of time and rasure of oblivion," while few

### LATE ENGLISH JOURNALS.

Received by the last arrivals.

CHARGE OF PIRACY LONDON, Jan. 13 .- Yesterday, the twenty men, captured on the Coast of Africa, by the Black Joke, and brought from Sierra Leone by he Plumper, were brought up for examination efore Mr. Broderip .- The prisoners are fine letermined looking men, and were heavily irond. There are amongst them 17 English, one

Irishman, and two men of color. Being called upon to give their names, they lid so as follows:-John Clement, chief officer; William Snow, seaman; Thomas Caston, do; George Frederick Fowle, do; William Wilson, prize-master; John Turner, seaman; Michael Nolan, do; John Hudson, do; Thomas Stag Hedsons, do; Augustus Warner Eaton, surgeon; John Williams, and John Robinson, mates; Joseph Bishop, Robert Freeman, George Hay, Thomas Haward, and George Hardy, seamen. Commander William Turner, late of the Black Joke, brig of war, was then sworn, and stated that on the 29th he commanded the Black Joke, as tender to the Sybelle, on the coast of Africa, and he charged the prisoners with having fired piratically at his vessel. The risoners were the navigators or crew of a piraical schooner. On the day mentioned he saw two schooners and a brig lying at anchor; at that time he had not his colors hoisted; the schr. called the President, fired a gun across his masthead; he then caused his colors to be hoisted, the ensign at the peak, and the pennant at the mast-head. The schooner fired again, and hoisted French colors, which she lowered, and put up Spanish colors. This was about dusk in the vening, and the schooner continuing to fire, he broke up; the next morning at day-break an action was the consequence, and he carried the President schooner, by boarding, and took possession of her. The other schooner which car-ried seven guns, and the brig, two guns, escaped: the prisoners were all in the schooner he ca ptured.

they would be remanded for another examina-They, he said, were at liberty to say what they pleased; but whatever they said would, he thought it necessary to tell them, be noted

Clement the Chief officer of the schooner entered into an extremely long narrative, delivered with a great deal of intelligence, in which he said, that on the 28th of August, the schooner President, having two prizes in charge, was lying at Wydoe, on the coast of Africa. A brig, which eventually proved to be the Black Joke, hove in sight; she sailed before the wind until within half-gun shot, still having the Brazillian colors flying. The schr. was lying with the main topsail, to the mast, in order to speak the brig, which hauled in her colors, took in some sail and bore away to the windward. The schooner then fired a gun to bring him to, and hoisted

The brig did not answer, and the schooner exhibited the private signal at the foremast, to see if the brig was a B. A. privateer. She did not answer, and the schooner went in chase, and kept up a continual fire during the night, and about 12 o'clock the Black Joke tacked and bore down upon us, and we struck at half-past four o'clock, and were taken by boarding. The Black Joke went in pursuit of the prize brig in possession of us, and captured her, without having any colours flying. The schooner fired upon the Black Joke, because she was con-

sidered to be a Brazilian. William Wilson, Prize Master of the schooner President, then entered into an extremely minute detail of the action, and said, about half-past 12 o'clock on the 28th, a sail was seen bearing down upon them; he went aloft with a glass, and in the course of half an hour made out that she was a square-rigged vessel. He considered her to be one of the Brazilian smacks which was expected there every day. The natives along the coast made signals by smoke, and hoisted urs, to warn us that an enemy was on the coast. As the strange sail approached the schooner he discovered a large Brazilian ensign hoisted. Captain Proughton, who was killed in the action, ordered the schooner and prizes to get under weigh, and sail to the windward. making two tacks; at about half-past five the of mechanical labor, he engaged himself as a schooner hoisted a private signal, after which

He then learned that the vessel was a brig, with Brazilian colours at her mast-head. The brig hauled those colours down, and never hoisteany other. Capt. Prouting ordered a long gun to be fired over the brig, about dusk, which was done, and the brig took in her main tack, but did not hoist any colours. When the schooner fired the gun the B. A. colours were put up upon her and the two brigs. After the lapse of a fee minutes, the schooner fired another gun. The brig set out her top-gallant sails, and fired a long gun across the schooner's waste. The crew then considered her to be the Spanish brig Fernee. This opinion was confirmed by the brig making sail from us. The schooner fired another gun, which was returned by the brig. In a short time after the brig tacked, ranged ahead of the schooner, and crossing her bow to the leeward, gave her a broadside on the larboard bow, which killed one man. The brig then commenced the action by a raking fire, and captain Proughton hailed them five or six times. The brig only answered with an 18lb. shot, which cut the rigging. The prisoner then descried the action, when the Black Joke attacked and captured the schr. He said the Black Joke never hoisted any colours after she had taken in the Brazilian ensign; nothing like a flag was seen; and had he hoisted his colours to windward, they would be seen. It was therefore impossible to tell of what nation they were. When captain Proughton was killed, Mr. Clement took the com mand, and he ordered the colours to be struck when the brig hove alongside, and boarded. He heard some persons in the brig say to the boarders, " kill every d-son of a b-you find on As he retreated below, a person fired pistol after him.

Mr. Broderip to Commander Turner. When the shot came over the Black Joke, were his Majesty's colors flying on board her-Commander Turner .- Yes they were; the colors were Mr. Broderip observed this was an extemely

important case.

Mr. Jones said it was a very important one, and he was instructed to obtain every evidence possible against them. The eyes of all Europe were directed to the proceeding of that day and every investigation would be expected into he case. There were other charges against them, and he expected to be able to bring another, namely, that of plundering a Portu-

lovers of literature, we suspect, will grudge to lend a helping hand to such a useful and Some conversation arose, and it was said that the plunder of the Morning Star was performed ndefatigable pioneer as honest Peter Buby a similar schr. The prisoners were all remanded to the House of Correction until some other vessels arrived with pirates upon similar charges, which are expected next week.

The prisoners appeared to treat the matter

GUILDHALL.

"A BIT or FUN."-Mrs. Olivia Brown very brown Olivia-was charged before Mr. Alderman Birch, yesterday, with having feloni-ously deprived one Mr. Richard Puttick of a black-hafted knife and fork, value sixpence.

" May it please your Worship," said Mr. Put tick, "I am a cook;"-and there he stopped, as though he expected his Worship to say whether or not it did please him. His Worship, however, gave no sign, either one way or the cook, and carry on the cooking trade at No. 81 Smithfield. Last night this lady (meaning thereby Mistress Olivia Brown) comes into my cook shop to take her supper. She had two penn'orth of leg o' beef and cold potatoes-all which was very well; but, when she had ate up the two penn'orth of leg o' beef and cold potatoes, she ocketted the knife and fork, and would have given me leg bail, if one of my waiters had not ran after her and brought her back."

This was Mr. Puttick's case. Mrs. Olivia Brown, in reply, admitted the leg beef, but she positively denied the leg bail.— I tuck two penn'orth o' leg o' beef, certain-"," said she; " and, what's more, I paid for i onest; but as to all that about the knife and fork, I only did it for a bit of fun. Do you think I'd go to steal his nasty knife and fork? Not I ndeed! They wasn't worth the stealing. I popp'd 'em under my apron, not into my pocket, for I've no notion of putting greasy knives and forks into my pocket indeed!—And you may take my word for it, your Worship, that it was for nothing but a bit of fun."

"What are you?" said the ALDERMAN.-"Why I have been a servant; and you may de-pend upon it this was only a bit of fun," replied Mrs. Olivia Brown.

"Can you get any body to give you a character?" said the ALDERMAN.—"Why I don't know," replied Mrs. Olivia Brown; "I don't think I can; and if I could, I shouldn't like to trouble 'em about such a trifle!"

"Well," said the ALDERMAN, "I shall not press the charge against you if the prosecutor does not."

"Your Worship," said the prosecutor, knife and fork is a trifle certainly, and I should not have troubled your Worship with it if I was not robbed in this way continually. I have been robbed of more than thirteen dozen of knives and forks within the last twelve months, and don't know how I am to pay my rent and taxes if people are to be suffered to plunder me in this

Well, I'll remand her until Thursdayher be brought up again on Thursday," said the ALDERMAN; and the prosecutor went away; seeming by no means satisfied with the issue of the " bit of fun."

Wm. Johnson was charged with having assulted Mr. Benjamin Humphrys with a certain out of the way weapon-to wit, a saucepan of potatoes.

"Mr. Johnson owes me money, which I can't get it by reason I can never find him at home," said Mr. Humphrys in his opening. "But last night," he continued—"last night as ever was, I hears him and his wife talking, by reason they live in the next room to mine. So I goes in, and 'Mr. Johnson,' says I, 'I'll thank you to pay me.'-'Oh, yes,' says he, 'I'll pay you;'-by which means he snatches a saucepan of boiling hot potatoes off the fire, and gives me such a whack on the mouth with it, that I thought all my teeth were going down my throat! But, as good luck would have it, they're still in the right place, though desperate loose, and my lip was cut, as your Worship may see."-As you may plainly see, he might have said; for apper lip was so swollen that it looked more like the upper mandible of that amply-beaked bird the toucan, than the lip of a christian creditor.

Mr. Humphrys, in reply, admitted having giv-n Mr. Johnson "a whack" on the mouth with his saucepan of potatoes; and he contended that the whack and the weapon were both justifiable under the peculiar circumstances of the case. "I were in bed," said he, " with nothing on but my shirt, when Mr. Johnson comes and bustes-in

she and the prizes bore away to the southward. | the door of my department; -- by means of which, the door of my department;—by means of which, I gets up, with nothing on but my shirt, and tells him, 'Mr. Johnson,' says I, 'I thinks you moughten ha' come at a more decenter time,' says I; by which means he runs at me, with nothing on but my shirt, and pushes me right over the table and broke it all to smash! by means of which I gathers myself up, with nothing on but my shirt and metant the manner of which I gathers myself up, with nothing on but my shirt and metant the manner of the manner of which I gathers myself up, with nothing on but my shirt and metant the manner of the manner of which I gathers myself up, with nothing on the manner of the man but my shirt, and returns the compliment with the potatoe-saucepan—which it stood handy by, and I could see nothing else to return the compliment with—in regard I had nothing on but my shirt."

solemaly denied that he either burst open the door or smashed the table. " I am on my oath,"

said he, " and Mr. Humphrys is not.' Alderman to Mr. Johnson, "for you see you are contradicted, and, at all events, it was very un seasonable to demand money of a man when he

Johnson making nothing by his motion but the whack on his mouth with the potatoe-saucepan.

THE SEVERE WEATHER. LONDON, JAN. 24 .- Yesterday the frost con tinued to be most threateningly severe; even in the occupied rooms of houses at the suburbe water froze rapidly at noon-day. With the frost there was a high and sharp wind, so much so as to raise the dust in clouds, particularly on the Western roads, and the effect was suchmixing dust, wind, and snow-that the coach man, who had travelled any distance along sucl roads could hardly be distinguished by their most familiar acquaintance, such had been the effect of the exceedingly cold wind and clouds of 'Macadamized'' dust on their countenances. There were coachmen who had only come the short distance from Brentford to London (a journey many of them take twice and thrice a day) who were thus "obliterated" in counter

The effects of the sudden and severe frost have been equally powerful and curious on the river Thames. On Thursday afternoon portions of ice began to collect along the banks between and above bridges, to be forced forwards with the tide, only to be floated back to join with newly-formed portions of ice; and on Friday morning these congregations presented so many little "icebergs," seriously obstructing the river below bridges, but decidedly obstructing it, y rendering it of dangerous passage, except fo arge barges, above Westminster Bridge. There is already nearly frozen over; fronting Brentford, Isleworth, &c. the ice already covers the river; and it is the opinion of waterman and others, well acquainted with the river, that should the frost continue with equal severity till this (Saturday) evening, the river will not only become impassable, above bridges in particular, for any boats or barges, except with danger, but that the river, above bridges especially, will be literally frozen over. Yesterday afternoon such was nearly the case in many places. There are, in fact, every where all the signs of a severe and continued frost. During yesterday, as well as on Thursday, there were above Vauxhall and Battersea Bridges the unusual sights, except in remarkably severe and stormy weather, flocks of sea-gulls flitting about the surface and banks of the river. Since the severe winter of 1814, the Thames and its banks inland have not presented so frosty an appearance as they now do.

Boots" of one of the first Inns in Manchester, absented himself from the house the whole of one day. On his appearance the next morning, his master gave him his discharge, upon which master Boots attempted to remonstrate with him, but "Mine Host" refused for some time to listen to him; till at length, wearied with his importunities, he said, "Well, what was the cause of your absence yesterday?" "Why," said Boots, Day and Martin's traveller was in town, and I was taking wine with him at the Palace Inn!"

The department of the Var has not been exempt from those missions which have called at Nogent le Rotrou for the interference of the triounals. In a village called Calas, not far from Draguinan, the chief of the mission led all the women to the burial-ground; then he caused the earth to be dug until he had discovered a head, which he took up, and, showing it to the perture of death and hell. The shades of night, which were approaching, added to this scene of terror. The women uttered sighs, sobs, and cries of agony. The missionary, with bare feet, a rope about his neck, and a large crucifix in his hand, made the circuit of the cemetery, sent forth sad lamentations, and crying for mercy for the sinners of Calas. - Constitutionnel.

We recollect of hearing of an incident which occurred, not many years ago, to the Duke of Orleans, when he resided in the county of Essex, which exemplifies the practice and the motive of coroners:—His Grace, when walking by the side of a river, observed, on the other side. something like the body of a man lying near the edge of the water. He prevailed on a boatman to row him across, when he discovered the corpse of a person who had been drowned in attempting to swim. The boatman carried the body to the side of the river to which he belonged. The news of a dead man having been for soon reached the ears of the coroners on both sides of the river, and both arrived, with their tail of clerks and officers, to claim the body .-A long litigation was the result, and some years after the death of the unfortunate man, the gentlemen of the long robe determined which judge should act as coroner. The annovance cam to the Duke was so great, that he protested he would, while in England, do all he could for the living, but would never again interfere with the dead .- Edinburgh Observer.

Pryce Gordon, Esq., an old friend of the late Professor Porson and Mr. Perry, and during his various tours on the Centinent, especially whilst he was in Italy, has recently published a "Companion" for the "Visitor at Brussels," where he has resided for the last ten years, to which he has added "Notes of a Tour to Italy by the Tryol," and " Observations on the Present State f the Arts in Flanders"-both will be found extremely useful to English residents at Brussels, and to persons making the tour of Italy.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AUTHOR.-A Very trange scene took place at the Kean's Head Theatrical-house, Russell-court, a few nights ago. A young gentleman, who fancied he had igh talent for writing tragedies, went to the Kean's Head, for the purpose of making known his powers, under the impression that they would be fairly appreciated by the company. As soon as it was known in the public room that a literary flat was in the way, the customers immediately determined upon administering a wholesome correction to his vanity. They asumed the character of managers, authors, and booksellers, and imposed upon the dramatic genius with the most wonderful effect. One of

Mr. Longman. The candidate for dramatic honours had actually brought with him a specimen of his powers,—a tragedy; and it was determined that a strong contest should forthwith be entered into amongst the managers for the theatrical accounts in it and amongst brokenillers for cal property in it, and amongst booksellers for the copyright. The author received introductions to the several gentlemen interested in the work, and was requested to read his tragedy, which he did, standing on the table, while Mr. Price and Mr. Fawcett held the candles to him. The applause was, of course, tremendous; but Mr. Price was very fastidious, and threw in an occasional -, which evidently annoyed the author. Mr. Colman's better taste, however, corrected the barbarous interruptions, and Mr John Murray, as soon as the piece terminated, pulled out a well-folded 1,000l. note of the Bank of Elegance and Fashion, and offered it for the copyright. "No," said Mr. Colman, "such a genuine production shall not be sacrificed. It shall be first represented. You want to crush genius, as is your usual practice, Mr. Murray. Here Mr. Murray, without hesitation, gave Mr. Colman the lie, and the gentlemen were about resort to the argumentum baculinum, when Mr. Fawcett offered to play the piece, and to accept for a stipulated sum a tragedy a week from the writer, whose eye was wandering all the while after the 1,000l. note. "I don't wish to have any disputes, gentlemen," said the latter, and I am willing to close with Mr. Murray for that note."—" Close with Murray," roared out Mr. Price, "I'm --- if you do. No, no; be shan't have the broth out of the tragedy. . It would not be worth a --- to us if he put his unlucky claws upon it. He is no more fit to patronize a tragedy than a newspaper." Mr. Murray, in a huff, pocketed his property, to the dis-comfiture of the author, who was prevented from expostulating by the ferocious appearance and manners of the representative of Drury-lane. At length it was resolved that the author should supply the two theatres with tragedies alternate y, the managers to "hide the horse" for the irst piece. Accordingly the horse was hidden and Mr. Fawcett was the lucky gamester. Mr Price's rage at his disappointment then became wholly unappeasable. He seized the tragedy and in an instant it was in a blaze, while the rest of the company screamed at the advancing destruction, which was however ehecked by th activity of the landlord, who, like a true fire man-waterman, threw a large jug of beer over the flaming work. There was then a general cry of "Turn out Price; turn out the rascally Yankee;" but there stood behind that gentle man's chair his servant, in a fine laced coat, which had been borrowed at a Jew's for the purpose, and the moment his master was threatened he swore he would put the whole room in onduct of this servant was inexplicable to the author, for he sometimes sat down by his master with a pipe in his mouth and even took the li-berty to drink out of the same glass; but then it was all attributed to the democracy of American habits, and the author considered it no degradation when the "odd companion" for a entleman swallowed three-fourths of his own glass. But the scene has not yet reached its climax. The hour had arrived when the managers must look after the theatres, and the booksellers and authors separate to prepare for the ed; she was gay, young, and lovely; her husnext day's labour. Mr. Colman then rose, and band, good humoured, frank, and affable; and, the young author would leave them a testimony from which they would each of them derive considerable honour, "What, gentlemen, could spare which you would think adequate?' asked the author. " A lock of your hair," answered Mr. Colman; and a large shears was soon procured, and Mr. Murray was deputed to the of-fice of removing a lock for each of the company. The favour was granted without the slightdeparted as if he had just left the hands of the most experienced shaver; but he did not go un-til each of the performers dropped the character he had resumed, and confessed that it had been put on for the purpose of curing a most injurious and ridiculous vanity.—Times.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN CLAPPERTON .- In the Journal of Captain Clapperton's second expedition into the interior of Africa, just published there is an affecting description of the last moments of that persevering traveller, at Soccatoo, April 13th, 1827, given by his servant and companion, Richard Lander; with the relation of whose adventurers, on returning to the coast, part of the volume is filled. This account, we are persuaded, will be read with great inte-"On the 12th of March, 1827, (says Lander) I was greatly alarmed on finding my dear master attacked with dysentery. He had been complaining a day or two previously of a burning heat in his stomach, unaccompanied, however, by any other kind of pain. From the moment he was taken ill he perspired freely, and big drops of sweat were continually rolling over every part of his body, which weakened him exceedingly. It being the fast of Rhamadan, I could get no one, not even our own servants, to render me the least assistance. I washed the clothes, which was an arduous employment, and obliged to be done eight or nine times each day, lit and kept in the fire, and prepared the victuals myself; and the intermediate time was occupied in fanning my poor master, which was also a tedious employment. Finding myself unable to pay proper attention to his wants in these various avocations, I sent to Mellam Mudey, on the 13th, entreating him to send me a female slave to perform the operation of fanning. On her arrival I gave her a few beads, and she immediately began her work with spirit; but she soon relaxed in her exertions, and becoming tired, ran away, on pretence of going out for a minute, and never returned. My master grew weaker daily, and the weather was insufferably hot, the thermometer being, in the coolest place, 107 at twelve in the morning, and 109 at three in the afternoon. At his own suggestion, I made a couch for him outside the hut, in the shade, and placed a mat for myself by its side. For five successive days I took him in my arms from his bed in the hut to the couch outside, and back again at sunset, after which time be was too much debilitated to be lifted from the bed on which he lay. He attempted to write once, and but once, during his illness; but before paper and ink could be brought him, he had sunk back on his pillow, completely exhausted by his ineffectual attempt to sit up in hed." der fancied from the symptoms that he had been poisoned; but Captain C. assured him his illness proceeded from cold eaught in shooting, when he had incautiously elept on the wet ground. "For twenty days," he continues, "jny master remained in a low and distressed state. He told me he felt no pain; but this was spoken only to comfort me, for he saw I was dispirited. His sufferings must have been acute. During this time he was gradually, but perceptibly,

them was Mr. Price, another Mr. Colman, a third Mr. John Murray, a fourth Mr. Constable ous, became weak and emaciated; and, indeed, (of Edinburgh,) a fifth Mr. Fawcett, and a sixth was little better than a skeleton. I read to him was little better than a steleton. I read to him daily some portions of the New Testament, and the ninty-fifth Psalm, which he was never weary of listening to; and on Sundays edded the church service, to which he invariably paid the profoundest attention." After giving further details of the progress of the complaint, Lander mentioned that a few evenings before Capt. Clapperton's death, he awoke in much perturbation, and said he had distinctly heard the following the control of the complaint of the control of t tion, and said he had distinctly heard the tol-ling of an English funeral bell. "On the 13th," he continues, "being awake, I was much alarmed by a peculiar rattling noise, proceeding from my master's throat, and his breathing was look and difficult! at the same instant he called set 'Richard!' in a low and burned tone. I was immediately at his side, and was antonished mediately at his side, and was as immediately at his side, and was astonished at seeing him sitting upright in his bed, and staring wildly around. I held him in my arms, and placing his bead gently on my left shoulder, gazed a moment on his pale and aftered features: some indistinct expressions quivered on his lips; he strove, but ineffectually, to give them utterance and arrived without arms. them utterance, and expired without a stre or a sigh."

> The late Mr. Henry Minchin, of Enniscorthy, having, for some time previous to his death, been afflicted with erysipeles, called in Dr. White, of the same place, who, after some considerapatient from a considerable secretion of purulent matter in the face. Some idea may be formed of the virulence of the secretion, when we state that during the operation, Dr. White having wounded himself with the point of his lancet, discovered the next morning a small black spot upon one of his fingers, which at once excited his surprise and alarm. He immediately sent for his friend, the Rev. F. W. Geddes, to whom he not only communicated the circumstance, but expressed his conviction that the event would prove fatal. The Doctor declared his willing-ness to submit instantly to any operation that might afford the remotest prospect of saving his life; he was, however, too deeply satisfied that it would be unavailing, and prepared to meet the final issue with the firmness of a man and the resignation of a Christian. He died in a few days after, expressing his hope of salvation through the merits and death of his Redeemer. We scarcely need add that the patient him shortly after the operation, died; and what adde o the calamity is, that the attendant who held the basin during the operation received upon his hand a single drop of the deadly poison as it flowed from the face of Mr. Minchin, and has since, from its falling upon an unhealed scratch, been numbered with the dead. Dr. White was nterred on Sunday last, in the presence of a great number of mourners and spectators, who, according to his request, were addressed by the Rev. F. W. Geddes. A considerable num ber of Roman Catholics were present, who re-mained during the interment, and who listened with undivided attention to the address.—Dub-

A DISCONSOLATE HUSBAND,-The consul's wife at Mycone "had been married up-wards of six years, and yet at the time I was introduced to her she was scarcely twenty years of are. The Consul appeared ardently attachof age. The Consul appeared ardently ed to her; nor did she seem to hold that service rank to which the Levantine ladies are devetin short, the family was a perfect oriental pic-ture of domestic happiness. • • • Here we were visited by the former host, the Consul whom I was startled at seeing equipped in a full suit of the deepest mourning, and with a beard of six week's growth, according to the mourning custom of the Groeks. On inquiring the cause of his distress, he informed me, with streaming eyes, that his beloved signors had expired about two months before; her death being occasioned by following the advice of ag inexperienced physician who had attended her during her confinement. The sight of me seemed to tear open all the closed wounds of the poor follow's bosom; he wept profusely, sighed, long and deeply, and seemed a melancholy picture, of fixed and overwheleming grief. On his departure, I communicated to another old accquaintance my sympathy with the sorrow old accquaintance my sympathy with the sorrow of the worthy Consul; but, judge of my surprise when he informed me, with a significant smile, that Signor Cordia had emitted, in his tale of misfortunes, to mention one little incident—namely, that he had consoled himself with a second partner about a month after the death of the first, and, by strange commingling of joy and grieving, had absolutely compelled his present lady to put on, along with himself deep mourning for her lamented predecessor."—

Emergen's Letters from the Except. Emerson's Letters from the Egeon.

THE MARCH OF INTELLECT! !—Some days ago a coach, loaded with young folks from the schools of Brighton, departed for London, to spend the holidays with their friends. Bosse after commencing their journey these children produced their cigars, tinder-boxes, matches. after commencing their journey these children produced their cigars, tinder-boxes, matches, ke., and commenced smoking, to the great anacyance of a few grown-up persons who happened to be their fellow-passengers; but this was not the whole stock of ammunition with which they had provided themselves. Several of them had with them a supply of brandy and gin; one of them, not more than ten years of age, took off nearly a pint of brandy at one draught, and, as might be expected, was very shortly after in a fit, and in so dangerous a state as to make it necessary to leave him at the village where the coach stopped to change horses. This is one of the accomplishments we have learned of our Continental neighbours, and this is the manner in which the rising generation is brought up; surely nothing can be more filthy than the practice of smoking, which almost always produces an unconquerable desire to drink, even to intoxication; it is not the habit of a real gentleman, and every father of a family ought to watch over his son, and prevent his falling into so disgusting a practice. It has come to such a pitch at Eton School, that we are told a boy was discovered moking the other day at Chapel!! He was, however, very probably, for so doing, expelled by Dr. Keatas and ten were expelled lately at Sandhurst, ferricting, which had its commencement at a Sanekeing Club.—Morning Chron. ing Club .- Morning Chron.

ARAB WOMEN.—The Arab women on banks of the Nile add to delicacy of form natural elegance, c striking simplicity of a The poorest wear nothing but a long blue mise, with a veil of the same colour—one to of which veil they hold in their mouths. they meet any men, especially Europeans large mask of black taffeta covers the fee the richer females, leaving nothing to be but the eyes and the forehead.—Ear-rings. eral necklaces of shells or paste, inte with amulets of silver or of polished bracelets various and multiplied: the the eye-lashes tinged with black; such are the

to the pest office, Cupar, a letter, directed one ledy in the west country, on which often the following whimsical notice to materia. This letter, containing as it does to deal of leve, together with sundry other of seach importance, must be taken our of, and delivered as soon as possible on more minute, and the faithful Sancho would undoubtedly have proved a less worth measuring than the mail.—Pi/c worthy messenger than the mail.-Fife

A CORPULENT PATIENT .- This gentleman was not only amiable but very rich and very po-lite—accepting when "his skin pinched him," a larm he always used when oppressed by uncom-fertable sensations. One day, "when he was sure he'd burst," with a long face and gloomy books he thus addressed me: "Lord, sir! I'm peeks he thus addressed me: "Lord, sir: I m
very queer—very poorly—always poorly—I've
no stomach," said he, looking me full in the
face; "new I want to know about diet—what
heald I eat?" "Nothing." "What should I
frink?" "Nothing." "Hot or cold?" This
"reductio ad absurdum," took away my breath. He made no alteration in his tone, but rent on in his queries, most of which he kindly newered himself .- Wadd's Comments on Cor-

About a fortnight ago an old man, named age upon the bank of a drain, near Heckington, tages his house, went to a public-house, and, being warmed with the liquor, boasted of a fat pig which he had recently killed, and salted for the wifter. A few nights afterwards three or four ruffians broke into his house, and were pro-ceeding up stairs, when the old man awoke, and, becoming alarmed, endeavoured to secure unately, however, the defensive weapons ere in the room occupied by the robbers, and on the old man endeavouring to obtain an en-trance there, one of the thieves threatened to him, and actually snapped a pistol, which missed fire. Further resistance was useless, and Blackbourn was compelled to submit patiently to being tied down in his bed, the robbers taking ar precaution with his housekeeper. They hen packed up every article of value, leaving he aged couple with barely a change of cloth-ar. Having thus secured their booty, they destely made up a blazing fire, and sat down regals themselves with pork, mince-pies, &c. d, taunting the unhappy old man with exaiming how capital the meat was, and inviting to feast with them; at length having gorge ficiently, the gang departed, leaving a small lace of the spare-rib, which they told the aged per might last him all the winter, if he ate ingly. Stamford News.

A men with a woe-begone countenance came to consult Dr. Brown concerning his health, who and a degree of inflation that made him fear ed into his diet, and he confessed that dung the heat of the day he had eaten two large r-melons, and afterwards had drunk proonably of water of the wells. We all laugh d heartily at the dismal countenance of this ster-melon glutton, and offered him some brandy, which he said he dared not touch, being heriff. We then explained to him that Ma-met allowed the use of that liquor as a mediine. To this he seemed anxious to agree, and ng a tumbler nearly full, he swallowed the ts with all the ease imaginable, but making dreadful grimaces afterwards, as he smack-ed his lips with inward delight. The liquor seen began to act on his head, and, while the his inflamed eyes, he laid his hand on his fat belly, exclaiming. Bono tibid, bono—a good doctor, d. At last sleepiness began to overcome him, and he realed out of the tent, to the great amusement of our guards, praying Allah to for-give him for using so cursed a liquor as a medi-.- Beauclerk's Journey to Morocco..

(From the Nuremburgh Correspondent.) In the Steppe, near Cherson, in the Crimea, to be seen. One of these pyramics after travelling over a distance of 12,000 miles, in order lore and assuage human sufferings, sucunder his exertions in the vicin this place. By his own desire he was buried in this desert, and no mausoleum, no inscription, but only a sun dial, was to point out However, the hand of an admirer proengraved the following words on the ... "Vixit propter alios."—(He lived for the sake of others). The emperor Alexander to him in the vicinity of the town, consisting of an obelisk of white sand stone, 30 feet high, sur-rounded by a wall, and shaded by Lombardy poplar trees. On the base the following inscripton is engraven in the Russian language: "Howard, died the 29th January, 1790, aged 63 years." And, according to the wish of this ent man, a sun-dial has been placed on the of top the obelisk. The next situated pyramid has been raised on the tomb of a French. man, who honoured the memory of Howard, and wished to be buried by his side.

The fallitary force of Great Britain was, at the	end
Militia	
Regular Army \$5,000	
British Volunteers340,000	
Irish Ditto 70,000	
Bea Fencibles 25,000	
555,000	
Statement, shewing the proportions of the wa	ges

Periods. Weekly pay. Wheat pr qr. 1761 to 1770 7s. 6d. 42s. 6d. 1780 1s 1790 8s. Od. 51s. 2d. 1795 to 1799 9s. Od. 70s. 8d. 1800 to 1806 11s. Od. 86s. Sdt

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT .- JAN. 28. AWFUL SCENE.

THOMAS LOWE, a man about 45 years of age, came up to be heard on his petition, and was op-posed by Mr. Cooke on behalf of Messrs. Palmer, and several other creditors

The insolvent, in the early part of his examim, gave his evidence with apparent ease eadiness. He stated, that he lately carried on the business of a butcher at the West end of the town. He was arrested on the 8th of last October, but gave bail, and rendered himself a ner in November. During the interval of a gentleman which he expended in his bu-

Mr. Cooks asked him the name of the Gennan from whom he had received the money? The insolvent replied, that the Gentleman's same was Pearce, and he was the Government

insolvent was then asked whether he did receive the money from Mr. Pearce two days ire his commitment to prison? He replied is the negative; he only received 301. from Mr.

Mr. Cooks: Upon your sacred oath, insolat, did you not receive 70/. of Mr. Pearce? solvent, at this question, seemed quite nded, and turned pale. The question was put several times, and after passing several miutes, the insolvent emphatically exclaimed, Yes, I did receive 701.!" He was then asked

his seck.

Mr. Cooks said he should decline proceeding with his case. He had no individual opposition against the insolvent, and he therefore prayed

that the case might stand adjourned.

The CHIRF CONTRIBUTORER intreated the solvent's attorney to point out to his client the awful situation in which he stood. The case was then adjourned sine die, and the insolvent was ponveyed out of Court by four men, apparently more dead than alive.

The net cost of the American war, after deducting the expense of a peace establishment, and including two supplementary loans to wind up the expenses of the contest, was 129,123,0914. stimate by the late Mr. Colqubous, of the value of

Agriculture in all its branches, includi	ne
ipasture	/217,000,00
Mines and minerals, including coals.	9,000,000
Manufactures, in every branch	
Inland trade	31,500,000
Foreign commerce and shipping	46, 000,000
Coasting trade	2,000,000
Fisheries, exclusive of the colonial fish	10-
ries of Newfoundland	2,000,00
Chartered and private bankers	3,500,000
Foreign income remitted,	5,000,00
Total	1430,000,00

From the New England Galaxy.

THE STARRING SYSTEM.

Astra regaut homines. The starring system' is neither more nor less han a propensity and practice, among theatrical people, to create a superior reputation, and derive a greater profit from the exhibition of their abilities 'for a few nights only.' This practice has recently become so general, and is adopted by so many, whose pretensions to figure at the top of a play bill in capitals are rather question-able, that we think it worthy of inquiry whether the 'system' is not highly injurious to the public—the managers—and the performers them-selves. Our own judgment has been confirmed by the authority of those in the profession, who, from their experience and observation, are com petent to decide the question. Let us first ex-mine in what degree the 'system' is injurious to the public.

room parlance, is called, a good stock actor, in a theatre, goes through his routine of duty with credit to himself, and gratification to the auditors. He receives an ample stipend, and is con-tent. Suddenly he sees in the bills, in a mammoth type, that the celebrated Mr. or Miss Daggerwood, from the London Theatres, is engaged, 'for a few nights only.' Now to him the London theatres comprehend only the two that may be termed the national theatres, Drury-Lane and Covent-Garden; not knowing, perhaps, that there are no less than nine mis theatres. The 'celebrated' appears, and the stock actor finds him lower than mediocrity; he looks into a London play book, and if he has performed at either of the large theatres, his name is inserted against a very subordinate grade of characters—but he performs his few nights, is applauded, has his benefit, and carries away his few hundred dollars. 'Now,' says the stock performer, 'if the mere reputation o coming from a Royal theatre, prepared by the puff-preliminary, can draw such profits from re-publican patronage in a few days, who would be stationary drudge for a number of months, for half the money? He becomes a star, and the public loses his services. The 'system' is injurious to the public, because we seldom see play well acted in all its parts with a star, even if actors of talent are brought together to support him, as it is called; they feel that, with a portion of the public, the name of the star, in such large letters, has naturally the effect of producing a sense of their inferiority, and there fore grow careless in their studies, and indiffer ent to their success. By the 'system' the public is a loser in a pecuniary point of view. The sums of money realized by the star, are either sent to England, or circulated in other parts of the Union. The regular and resident actors return to the citizens almost all they receive, -as we opine that few misers are to be found in ion. We maintain, that, by offering no encouragement to the 'system,' those who have pursued it would be obliged to take their station in a company for the whole season, and contribute to make a strong effective corps, and the lovers of the drama would be gratified with good plays. Then every character would have a goo representative-and the public would get back

to the managers. The competition between the rival establishments has rendered the demands of a star, so exorbitant, that we believe in many instances the sums paid, have far exceeded the receipts .-We have been informed that in the olden time the remuneration of a star depended upon his en her attraction, and that there was a division of the profit, after a stipulated sum, set apart we me, for the expenses of the night. This arrangement was wise, for it excluded pretenders, as none would venture, where they were liable to a certain loss; and the managers, were protected from paying double or treble more than the article was worth. Let the manager of both theatres, return to the old plan-and let them fix the same terms for the engagement o stars, if the managers must have them; then there would be no building up to the maximum of what stars thought proper to rate themselves

money. Secondly, the 'system' is injurious

The 'system' is injurious to managers also, a it creates an immense inequality in the receipts of a theatrical establishment. Suppose a successful star, attracts a series of full houses; when he retires, and the excitement has ceased if the manager depends upon the subsequent attraction of his regular company, however good, and thinks that will equal even his moderate expectations, he deceives himself. Why? because he has virtually said to the public-by the en-gagement of the star, 'I considered him individually of much more consequence than the aggregate value of my company, and I persuade you, the public, through the medium of puffs, placards, &c. to believe so.' Can he then blame the public for neglecting that company which he himself had most materially contributed to

Thirdly, the system is injurious to the per

formers themselves. Even when the Dramatic mania was at its climax, and speculators thought of nothing but investments in theatrical property; when stars of the fifth magnitude, rose nominally fifty per cent. in value, we question whether the expenses of travelling-the intervals between the engagements-and uncertainty of their receipts did not more than equal their profits, but now that the fever has subsided and the importations have glutted the market, it is the duty, we should think, of every actor to discourage system.' Every visit of a stat is so much loss to the resident performers; the more he takes, the less they will receive. If A gives so much to B, C can only receive so much. Although our acquaintance with theatrical feeling is bu limited, still we will venture to say, that no regular performer can contemplate with satisfaction, although he may, without envy, three or four profitable benefits given in the course of season to one star, for three or four weeks' exertion, when it is daubtful if he will be able to realize one, for the mental and physical wear and tear of brain and body, for half a year .-The public too is beginning to be awake with regard to a star benefit. People have asked the question, ' Does not the star receive so much \*Yes, I did receive 701.!" He was then asked per night, certain, and does not the manager shether be did not receive the money two days take the benefit? Is the frequent 'politely re-

dunterring' of stars a gratuitous offering? We are not certain that it is so, but if such is the case, though we have every wish that the manager may be remunerated for the loss upon the other evenings, we do not conceive that it is misleading the public—and procuring patronage for the proprietors, under the place of the proprietors. misleading the public—and procuring patron-age for the preprietors, under the plea of an ap-peal from an individual. As there are excep-tions to every rule, we would not adopt that which should exclude from the 'system,' those stars to whose performance of a character, the term unique may justly be applied; an excel lence in certain parts that distances and defies competition.



#### PHILADELPHIA:

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 26.

A comparative statement of the revenue derived, by the treasury of GREAT BRITAIN, from two daily London papers, the Monn-ING CHRONICLE and the TIMES, has been republished here, and read with surprise. A single number of one of these journals is probably as great a curiosity as London can produce. We copy the description given by a LIVERPOOL editor, who counts the vast quantity of its contents among the miseries of newspaper readers; in the hope, probably, of reconciling his own to the comparatively meagre fare set before them. "In consequence of the act of Parliament requiring an extra stamp for every supplementary sheet of a newspaper, a mode of giving the required additional matter, without incurring a further stamp-duty, has just been adopted by The Times newspaper. Instead of giving a supplementary sheet, The Times of Monday is printed upon one entire sheet of paper, measuring four feet in length, and three in breadth, and containing 48 columns of matter, of which rather more than 30 are filled with advertisements. being considerably upwards of 90,000 words.-There are 15 columns of reports and news of different kinds, printed in small type, and containing more than 45,000 words; and about three columns in the larger type, containing more than 6,000 words: so that there are nearly 150,000 words in the paper. This quantity of matter would form considerably more than a thick octavo volume of any of the modern works as they are now printed. Indeed, on calculating the quantity of one of the most recent, and by no means the least closely printed, we find that the contents of The Times of Monday, if printed in the same manner, would exceed by 80 pages examined. If by the side of this colossal paper we were to place one of the earliest numbers, printed under the same title, the contrast would be very curious .-- On referring to one of the earliest newspapers printed in this country, we find its contents to be equal to less than 100th part of The Times of Monday. Considering the shortness of the time which must have clapsed between the commencement and the termination of the labours of getting up such a sheet, the number of hands employed in every department can have fallen little short of 100. The lovers of quantity can, of course, find no fault of this new arrangement of The Times newspaper, but there may be some who will dread the task of getting through an octavo volume at their breakfast table. To persons who like to read all that a newspaper contains before they set about the business of the day, the task of swallowing little less than 150,000 words with their rolls and coffee-the feat of getting through the 48 columns of The Times, with a due regard to the importance of its leading articles; its news, foreign and domestic; its reports; the announcement of its sales by auction of bankers' estates, and seats of Parliament, of roan cobs and cabriolets; the infinite sundries of wants and wanted, and last, not least, of births, deaths, and marriages-such a feat as this will excite the wonders of the prize ring, or the phenomena of the turf, and satisfy the craving of the most insatiable Helluolibrorum How the coffee-house keepers, and other

tainment, will relish the plan, we know An officer who served in INDIA, under WEL-LINGTON, has published a narrative of his adventures during twelve years. His description of MADRAS MATCH-MAKING will edify many of our readers, who may call to mind frequent allusions to the subject in modern novels and comedies:-" The system pursued in disposing of the fair objects is exactly the same as that used at the sales of king's stores in a dock-yard, where the auctioneer begins by putting the highest price on the article, and keeps lowering and lowering, till some bidder assents to the price and bears off the goods. First, the young lady is instructed to set her cap at a civilian high in office, or at an officer high on the staff. If, in the course of a few months, there is no bidding at that price, then she condescends to cast a smile upon the second rank, and so on to the bottom. Should she possess any pretensions to beauty, she is soon snapped up; for the scarcity of the article prevents people from being very fastidious in their tastes. If of the true European white, she is almost sure to go off tolerably well: but no mixture of the Asiatic will suit persons of any rank. Should the young lady continue on hand till the arrival of a fleet conveying a fresh supply of fair ones, she is, of course, thrown

heads of places of public resort and enter-

of a good match considerably diminished; so it often happens, that females are thus compelled to accept offers, which, at first starting, they would have rejected in disdain, and in some instances, to lake the very men whom they once treated with scorn. But she must be a hapless virgin, indeed, and possessed of no ordinary detractions, who is compelled, as a dernier resort, to put up with an ensign of native infantry, by whom she may be borne off to spend the honeymoon in a hill-fort. How happy marriages in general prove among Europeans in India may hance he inferred!

The following statements, relating to the af-

fairs of the United Mexican Mining Com-

PANY, at LONDON, as they stood at the end of last November, present a picture of a thriving concern .- " Out of the thirty five establishments worked (habiitados) at present by this Company, only five begin to answer. These are the mine of Vetanigra and two hacienda, in the district of Sombrerete, the mine San Acasis, and the hacienda Bernales, in Vetagrande. Their weekly produce together may be estimated at 15,000 dollars, and the weekly expense at 20,000. The value of the present extraction of ores at Sombrerete averages 6,000 dollars per week, and at Lacateras 12,000, independent of 25,000 cargoes (1) of ores which have been accumulating within the last twelve months. This dead capital cannot be brought into silver for want of sufficient means of reduction, and the haciendas of the Company will hardly reduce the ores raising at present from the mines. The original capital subscribed in London by the Proprietors (say 1,200,0001., without including 600,0001. produced from the mines) being entirely exhausted, there is no funds either to give a greater extent to the haciendas or to erect new ones. The mines of Oro, in which some valuable ores are also accumulating, are likewise doing very well; and here, too, the completion of the new hacienda erecting, at an enormous expense, is much wanting. In the mine of Rayas the draining of the general shaft is actively carried on 80 horses being constantly employed in this tedious operation; and it is expected that the important section of Guadalupe will shortly be freed from water and examined. The quantity of ores raised weekly from this mine averages 500 cargoes; but they are, as yet, so poor as not to promise a great profit. Every reason leads to believe that, as soon as the section of Guadalupe shall be worked. Rayas will produce from 1,200 to 1,500 cargoes weekly; and enormous sums of money will be required to increase the present hacienda. or construct new ones. High expectations are also entertained of a branch from the main Veta which was two years ago met with in the section of Guadalupe, at present filled with water; but the Marquis of Rayas, owner of the main (who knows better what he is about than all the agents of the company put together), thinking that, according to the terms of the contract with the Company, the latter was not entitled to a share of produce of this new discovery, has claimed the exclusive possession of it, which has given rise to a fresh lawsuit before the Tribunal de Mineria. Independently of the reduction works of Sombrerete and Zacatecas alluded to above, four other haciendas at Guanasnato will shortly begin to give some returns. As to the remaining twenty-two establishments (2) (the aportado (3) and the iron works included), in which 460,000? have been wasted, all of them will continue to be a heavy drain upon the Proprietors; and this alone. and not the draught, as the mismanagers of this Company will make it appear to the Proprietors, has brought the present embarrassments on the Company in Mexico and in Lon-Under the Paris head of the Loxpon

article, dated January 16:- "In the course of eight or ten days, a work will be published here by a bookseller named Montardier, calculated to produce no little sensation and scandal. This work will fill up the measure of public indignation with regard to the administration of Messrs. Delayeau and Franchet, by exposing all the base, perfidious, and immoral means resorted to by the police agents, under their orders, to discover the secrets, or watch over the conduct of families and individuals, foreign as well as native: and this for the interest of a political party, and not motived by the general good and security-and even did such motives exist, it is still to be questioned whether they could sanction such an atrocious and abominable system. This work, altogether unexpected, and destined to create universal surprise, is "The Repertory of the Police," under Messrs. Delaveau and Franchet, and contains a verbatim copy of the orders given by Messrs. Delaveau and Franchet, and the reports made to them in executiom of those orders. These singular documents are said to have been acquired by the editor of the work in the following manner. It appears that this Repertory had been purchased for a considerable sum from a dismissed employe of the cice, by an Englishman of rank, and who, it is said was not unconnected with the British Embassy. This Englishman not wishing, for reasons only known to himself, to give publicity to it in England, allowed the present editor (who went to London for the purpose) to take a copy of the manuscript, for the purpose, if he pleased, of publication in France. But it is of minor consequence how these documents came to the hands of the editor; the chief point is their authenticity, and of this there cannot be a doubt. This work is a faithful transcript of the Repertory kept day by day at the head police-office. The parties implicated, may endeavour to justify the orders and reports it contains, but it is impossible they can deny their reality; or, should they have rashness and efficientery enough to do so, they may be speedily and successfully confounded. The whole book bears an impress of authenticity not to be mistaken. and which it would have been impossible to have simulated. The work will consist of somewhat into the back-ground, and her chance | two volumes of nearly 400 pages each."

MORNING HERALD, we find the following

Several extracts are given, from which

we select the following:

"Cabinet Particulier, No. 9,484, June 14 1827 .- The Sieur Beranger, song-writer, known for his political opinions, has obtained at my Prefecture a passport for Breteuil, department of the Eure. I request M. Hinaux to communicate to me whatever information he may be able to procure upon the object of his journey, which coincides with that of the ex-Deputy Manuel. who has also obtained a passport for the same destination.

"June 29, 1827 .- Answer .- It results from the informations that we have been able to procure that the Sieurs Manuel and Beranger still live in the Rue des Martyrs, No. 23; that they travelled together into the department of the Eure, and came to Paris on the 19th of this month. The next morning M. Manuel quitted Paris to pass, it would appear, some time in a country-house named Maison, in the environs of Paris. As to the Sieur Beranger, he remains in the above-mentioned house. It is impossible to get to speak to him, unless one happens to be known to him in a proper manner (connu conrenablement de lui.) The mistrust is so great in this house, that henceforward it will be impossible for us or our inspectors to show ourselves there, as we are suspected, if not known, by the inmates to belong to the police. Recently, one of our agents who had been sent there owed his safety only to the most precipitate flight, having been attacked by the porter. We have already signalised these graves inconvenients in several of our preceding Reports.

There is a numerous series of Reports upon a Neapolitan refugee, named Bazaldo, a teacher of Italian in Paris, too long to give in detail .-The first Report is dated the 17th December, 1824, and the two last the 3d January, 1826, and 26th October, 1827. The two last are as " JANUARY 3, 1826.

"The Sieur Bazaldo, who lived at No. 8, Rue Ranceau, quitted Paris, the 26th December last, for, as he announced, London. This foreigner, some days before his departure, received severa letters, bearing the following superscription-To his Excellency the Count de Bazaldo, Minister of his Britannic Majesty.' He then stated that he had been promoted to this dignity, and that he was going to London to enter upon his functions. It is probable that this pompous title which Bazaldo took existed only in hi magination, for, having undergone the operation of trepanning, in consequence of a wound, he is subject to occasional fits of insanity, and his mania seems to be that for titles and dignities. Further informations show that Bazaldo, with the title of Count, was attached to the Court of the Viceroy, in Italy, under Bonaparte, and that this foreigner is nothing else than ar agent of the English diplomacy, and that the itle and functions of language-master, serve but as a veil to hide his real mission.'

"Остовкв 26, 1827. "The Sieur Bazaldo has been living for the last four months at No. 27, Rue St. Lazare, in lodgings, which he himself furnished. Every thing about this foreigner announces a sort opulence, and yet he gives lessons in Italian, for which he takes money. He goes pretty fre-quently to the Neapolitan embassy, he leads a very sedentary life, is always at home at an early hour in the evening, receives no visiters, and manifests the intention of returning to his native country, as soon as he can. In fine, we see nothing at present reprehensible in his con-The NEW YORK COMMERCIAL ADVERTI-

ser contains a sketch of the arguments of counsel and the opinions of the judges of the Superior Court, on the application to discharge ROWLAND STEPHENSON. Messrs. tled to his discharge, if arrested while under duresse to which the plaintiff is accessary; but contending that such is not the case here. For STEPHENSON it was aroued, that the law required his discharge, whether the plaintiff had been accessary to the duresse or not. The authorities were referred to as collected in a note to METCALFE's Yelverton, p. 29. The report proceeds:-

Chief Justice Jones, after a consultation some length with his brethren, then delivered his opinion. It was an able and elequent one; and we had been in hopes of obtaining it in full .--Having been unsuccessful, we must give such sketch as memory and the reports of our cotemporaries enable us to furnish. He said that the court had looked over the authorities on the matter in question, since the adjournment, and that those cited and commented on by the counsel, with the exception of that from 2d William Blackstone, p. 283, last read, had not affected their opinion. [Justice Hoffman inquired if the same case was reported in any cotemporary reporter. Mr. Ward said he had not found it also where.] The Chief Justice said, that with this sole exception, the whole current of authorities went to establish the point contended for by the defendant's counsel. And here was a case, of an individual, a foreigner, owing no allegiance to this country, who lands peaceably on our shores, and is forcibly brought from his legal castle to another state. How can this court entertain jurisdiction over him? There is no evidence that the plaintiff has been concerned in the forcible arrest, but though he be innocent. yet force has been applied and the victim has been brought here under it. Is it not plain that his presence and present confinement, are the offspring of the forible arrest. He must be considered as having been at every moment under duresse; and to countenance, in any manner such proceedings, would lead to obviously fata consequences. If ignorance of the force used. or disconnection from the agents in abduction, is to be sufficient justification for a subsequen arrest, how easy would it be for a crafty credi tor, to bring a debtor within the jurisdiction o the laws, under which he intended to proceed and then to keep clear of all concern in the ar rest? On this principle, a man who in his own country would not be liable to arrest, as the different States have different laws, might be forcibly brought under the operation of laws, entirey different from those under which his contracts originated, and by which he expected to be governed. If such a power of seizing the body of the debtor were tolerated, the inducement of the creditor might be too strong to govern moral principle, and penalties might be incurred not originally contemplated. The creditor might do that in a foreign land, which he could not do at home. The principles of civil liberty, the genius of our institutions, forbid our countenancing a doctrine like this .- It has been said that other creditors, not privies nor parties to the forcible arrest, cannot be deprived of their rights; this has some plausibility, but is one of the fallacies in applying the principles of law. Proof of se-cret agency, is at all times difficult. Wrongful restraints may properly be considered to have caused the submission of the party in this case. he must be restored to the same security he originally possessed-he must be set free, and have liberty to return to the place from which he came, or at his option to have a domicil here, as secure as the castle of the citizen. If he remain here beyond a reasonable time allowed for his departure, he must submit in canunon with our citizens to the regular process of law. But he has a right to an inviolable domicil, a domicil that shall be his castle, with the mantle of the law for his shield. The common law will not allow even the breaking open of an outer door for the purpose of arrest. There is one remedy always available—the avoidance of the

process that shall be made the instrument of the rong. I shall abstain from any remark upon the character and conduct of this individual, and look upon him solely as a prisoner. My opinion is that he must be discharged from all arrest, and not be held even upon common bail.

Judge Hoffmen said that he had not been present at the hearing of the matter on the preon the subject. There was no difference of opinion among the Court. He stated briefly and perspicuously the facts of the case, and said that the case in William Blackstone might, in his opinion, be distinguished from the present one; as the legal arrest there took place before the unlawful detention. He concluded by saying that public policy, justice, our laws, and free institutions, all require the discharge of Stephenson.

Mr. Justice Oakley concurred in the opinion of his brethren. According to the current of authorities, he considered that whether Mr. Parkins had or had not any agency in the abduction of Stephenson, he had no right to arrest Stephenson under the circumstances of the case .-This court was one of limited jurisdiction; and would take care of its own process. A suiter must avail himself of it against an individual who is legally within its jurisdiction. But in this case in legal contemplation, the body of the defendant was not within it. He was held in a state of bondage, as a mere slave. The decision of the Court was founded upon the English law, and he firmly believed that should an American citizen ever experience similar treatment in England, their Courts would afford him the same relief as he, in unison with his learned brothers intended to grant upon this occasion. He concluded by saying that he perfectly concurred in the opinions delivered by the Court, and Mr. Stephenson must be discharged from all custody until sufficient time had elapsed, for him to return to that place from whence he had been so illegally and forcibly taken. If, however, at the expira-tion of that period, Mr. Stephenson should think it prudent to remain in the city, he would then render himself open to the claims of his creditors, and become amenable to the jurisdiction.

The rule made was, that Stephenson should be discharged from the arrest.

### ITEMS.

WARREN, as will be seen by the play bill, acts Falstaff, on Saturday, for GREENE's be-

Mrs. Austin, Mde. Feron, Miss George, and Morn, were to appear together, last evening, at the New York Park theatre, in the Marriage of

The old fashioned verses, which we have placed in our first page, - possess charms not to be impaired by time. They cannot but be highly acceptable to admirers of the moral muse.

The celebrated Elephant Columbus died on Sunday night. The occasion of his death may be mentioned as a warning to impatient tempers. Wishing to leave his apartment, some time since and finding the door too small, he proceeded to such violence that the whole fabric came down on him. His bruises brought on a disease in some of the bones which baffled surgical skill. The carcase has been purchased by Mesers. Peale of the Museum, who intend, we understand, to place the skeleton and the stuffed skin, in their splendid collection.

It is mentioned that it is the intention of Count Survilliers (Joseph Bonaparte,) to provide the world with a body of memoirs, founded on the great mass of original and curious testimony which he has preserved.

An ordinance in Baltimore for registering the names of voters, has received the sanction of the WARD and DUER, who appeared for Mr. Mayor of that city. Salutary effects are expected to be experienced from the system, at the next city election there.

The main road between Chester and Philadelphia, never has been worse than it is at present it takes from 4 to 5 hours to go from Chester to Philadelphia, distance 15 miles-a road too. which is the great thoroughfare!

The Roman Catholics in Taunton, Mass. are anxious to erect a church in that town. Their numbers are stated by their pastor, Rev. R. D. Woodley, to be by no means inconsiderable. Charles Richmond, Esq. has offered them a site for a church, and a committee has been appointed to solicit subscriptions for its erection.

Thomas Chase has been fined \$5 and costs in the Court of Common Pleas now in session at Taunton, Mass. for shooting a pigeon belonging to the complainant and carrying it off.

Capt. Crocker has recovered from his late illness, and will resume the command of the New York packet ship Pacific, to sail for Liverpool on the 1st of next month.

A man is advertised as a curiosity in one of the Montreal papers, who is stated to be 6 feet 4 1-2 inches high; 6 feet 10 inches round the waist, 40 inches round the calf of the leg. and \$ feet 10 inches round the thigh. He is 63 years of age, and weighs upwards of 600 lbs. "He is to remain only a few days in Morttreal, on his way to the United States, and thence to Eu-

In England-says a French traveller, who probably had money in both pockets-the travoller commands the driver; in France he obeys

A French editor mentions as a curious novelty that an attempt was lately made, in this country, to recover the body of a drowned man, by firing a cannon over the surface of the water.

The Alexandria Theatre opened on Tuesday, with an address written by Stone. The number of prisoners undergoing punish-

ment in France, is 20,300, viz. men, for crimes, 4700-for misdemeanor, 9,600:-women, in the gallies 1000-solitary confinement, 1800-lighter penalties, 3200.

The N. Orleans Advertiser, of Feb. 28, says, four months ago, a child two years of age swallowed a needle two and three quarter inches long. Yesterday morning the needle was taken out of the right side, just above the hip, whereit had forced its way, and was considerably corroded. The child has, for the last three months taken medicine for the dropsy, her body being much swelled.

Miss Clara Fisher has made a deep impression at Charleston, S. C. A letter, referring to her first appearance in Letitia Hardy, and the Actress of All Work, says, "You cannot imagine how handsomely she was received .- She played to admiration, and towards the end of the afterpiece, the house, which was full and fashionable, arose with one accord, and most enthusiastically greeted her -- a thing, I believe, unprecedented in our theatre."

The British Government vessel Kangaroe, engaged in surveying a dangerous shoal lying between St. Andrews and St. Domingo, which is but little known, proceeded to Crooked Island to proture a pilot, at two o'clock in the morning, in squally weather struck on the above shoal, or an old sunken vessel, and in a few hours was a complete wreck .- The crew were saved.

The Mobile Compiler proposes to the planters of Alabama, always to mark their cotton bales, and to establish a custom by which it shall be ensidered dishonorable to offer cetten for sale

itions on purchasors. The Mobile Register mentions, that the brig Montor, Capt. Foster, 27 days from New-York. in crossing Dog River Bar on the 24th ult. struck on a log and sunk in two fathoms water in twenty minutes. She had only a few casks of butter and two or three boxes of goods on board. The persongers reached Mobile in the long boat. The New York Lafayette Theatre will very

shortly open under the most favourable auspices. The editor of the Catskill, N. Y. Recorder acknowledges the receipt of a slice of weddingcake, but presumes the badness of the roads prevented the supply of wine on the occasion.

The ice broke up in the Delaware and Hudcon Canal on the 18th, and passed off without doing any damage.

A considerable breach was made in the banks of the Miami Canal on the 11th inst.

The Governor of Maine has appointed the 9th

of April as a general fast. Five of the prisoners who escaped from the Walnut street prison, have been restored to their former lodgings in that house. An immense amount of materials for carrying on their

nefarious designs, were found with them. The Bennington Vt. Times says, the third wife who has been killed in that town by the ill treatment of her husband the past year, died last week. It is jutimated that intemperance was the moving cause.

Fifteen bales of Cotton from Claiborne, fraudulently packed, were recently purchased by a rehant in Mobile-water having been thrown fato the centre of the bales to increase their weight, by which an injury of from 15 to 100 per cent was experienced on their value according to the outer packing. Interments in Baltimore for the last week-

males 16, females 15-total 31. The Ohio river, at Wheeling, last Saturday was

16 feet above low water mark.

It is announced in a Kentucky paper that the Hon. James Clark, who is a member of Congress from what is called Mr. Clay's district, declines a re-election, and that Mr. Clay will be his suc-

The Mobile Commercial Register of the 6th instant, mentions a new mode of transporting the mail, which has been adopted in that country during the late freshets. A Mr. Taylor, it seems, had contracted for the conveyance of the mail between Montgomery and Blakeley. The rivers were greatly swollen and the roads for several days in the end of February and the beginning of March were impassible for stages. Taylor, however, was not to be deterred from fulfilling his contract-he carried the mail himself and swam all the streams from Fort Dale to Rives, with the mail on his shoulders.

Judge MURPHY, of North Carolina, is said to be now engaged in writing a History of that State .- It is not known precisely when the work will appear-but it is supposed that it may isone from the press within a year or two at far-

The first spring meeting at the Union Course, Long Island, will take place on the 12th of May, and continue three days. The purses will be the first day-4 mile heats; 400 the second \_2 mile bests: 250 the third-2 mile heats.

CANADA .- The Provincial Parliament of Lewer Canada, after a long session, on the 14th inst. was prorogued to the 22d April. Seventytwo acts were passed, and a number referred for His Majesty's pleasure. The bill for a Marine Hospital at Quebec, for which 11,000/. had been voted, was also lost,

It is said that Lord Cumbermere is to return from India in October next; and Lieutenant General the Earl of Dalhousie will sail in July, to take the chief command.

The Montreal Ladies Bible Association held its second adniversary on the 12th inst. and was numerously attended. Since its formation it has collected 3597, 17s. 7d. The number of copies of the Scriptures issued, is 239 Bibles and 155

A medical student and his brother of Montreal, have been arrested for having in their possession seven dead bodies which they stole from the church yard of St. Therese.

From the American Sentinel.
LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

IN SENATE, MONDAY, MARCH 23. The alderman's bill was negatived in committee of the whole. A motion was then made to postpone the question of agreeing to the report of the committee of the whole, together with the bill for the present, which was lost-yeas 16, nays 16 and the report of the committee was d to by the following vote:

YEAS .- Messrs. Drumheller, Duncan, Fullerton, Hawkins, Kelley, Kerlin, King, Krebs, , M'Clure, Morris, Ogle, Powel, Ray, Reiff, Scott, Sullivan, Sturgeon, Speaker-18. NAYS.-Messrs. Bertolet, Brown, Burden Hambright, Hay, Herbert, Houston, Hunt, Jackson, Logan, Miller, Ringland, Ryon Seltzer Wise-15.

POLICE OFFICE-NEW-YORK. Josish Hager was apprehended, on Monday evening, charged with attempting to utter a forged note of band for \$263, on Charles Rude & Co. carpenters, No. 47 King-street. He was detected in offering the note for discount .- Hager is an old offender, having been three times in the State Prison, and as often released by a pardon-but for which he would have yet thirty

years to serve. John Bodine, a lad aged nineteen, was arrested for passing a counterfeit note of hand, on the same firm mentioned above. Bodine was taken up in August last, but contrived to escape a con-

He was committed. Sarah Howard was committed for trial, for stealing property to the value of about \$300 from the dwelling house of Mr. G. H. Cooper, No. 11 William-street. She is a white girl, and had formerly lived at service in Mr. C's family. She was detained by Mr. Stephenson, the pawnbroker, to whom she had offered to pledge part of the goods.

Great Guns, Great Bells, Great Eels. A friend, says the Troy Sentinel, has picked up the following facts in the course of his reading, which he obligingly hands us, to give varie-

GREAT GUNS .- The great cannon at Moscow is 18 1-2 feet long; 10 inches thick in the metal; and a man may sit upright in its cali-

The Basalisk, at Dover, Eng. is 23 feet long. carries a 100 lb. shot, and requires 18 lbs. pow-

This is an error. The same work (article

Ordnance,) states that this enormous gun is called Queen Ann's Pocket Pistol, and is a 60 pounder. A cannon near Lisbon is 20 feet 7 inches

long, its diameter at the middle is 6 feet 3 inches, it throws a ball of 100 lbs. Mount Meg, in the Tower of London, is an 80 pounder. There is an 80 pounder in the Atse-

nal at Berlin, named the Thunderer, and another at Malaga, called the Terrible. There are two 60 pounders at Bremen, called the Messengers of Bad News.

There is a 70 pounder at Rome, made of the nails which fastened the copper plates that co-

vered the ancient Pantheon. The largest cast gun existing, is of brass, at Beijapoor, called the Lord of the Plain. It is supposed it was intended for stone balls. An supposed it was intended for stone build, iron shot of the proper size would weigh 2600

nnon cast, which he called the Twelve Apos-GREAT BELLS.-There is a large bell in St. van's church, at Moscow; it is forty feet nine nches in circumference, 16 1-2 inches thick, and weighs more than 47 tons; equal to 105,280

The Emperor Charles the Fifth, had 12 large

The great bell of Moscow is 67 feet 4 inches n circumference or a diameter of 22 feet 5 inches. It is 21 feet 4 inches high, the thickest part is 23 inches, the weight is estimated at about 444,000 pounds. If this broken and use-less mountain of metal was sold at 3s. per lb. it would amount to £66,565 sterling, or \$294-

GREAT EELS .- In Mauritius, it is said there are eels in a certain lake more than 20 feet is length, weighing 80 lbs.

From the Albany Argus, March 23.
We regret to state, that on Saturday, during debate in the Senate on the salary bill, Mr. Hart, whilst upon the floor and in the midst of an animated argument, was seized with a fit, and fell. Fortunately Dr. Francis, of New-York, was present, and immediately bled Mr. H.; and he was speedily conveyed to his lodgings at the Columbian Hotel: but he remains in a low state, and his recovery, it gives us pain to add, is considered doubtful. His attack, was a severe paralytic stroke.

The confusion in the Senate in consequence of the event was great, and that body immedi-

ately adjourned.

From the Boston Traveller, March 24. On Friday evening the citizens of Charleston held a meeting to take into consideration the expediency of setting off a portion of that town the most wealthy and flourishing part around the square—and annexing the same to Boston, making an additional ward of the city. After a full discussion of the subject, a great majority decided in favor of the division of the town, the vote being nearly as 3 to 1. A committee was appointed maturely to consider the subject, and eport in two weeks. The advantages to be derived from the adoption of the measure, were by its friends stated to be manifold; such as a iminution of taxes-increase of the value of real estate-enhancement of business-and last, though not least, making the avenues between the two places free of toll.

DEER-MOOSE-BEARS.

Ellsworth, (Me.) March 18 .- The Deer have een unusually numerous in this vicinity the past vinter. It is estimated that 50 have been killed and caught in this vicinity- 100 on the Narraguagus river, and 100 more on Pleasant river, ithin the last 20 days. A correspondent at Addison, on the Pleasant river, says that one party of hunters killed seventeen Deer and three Bears at one hunt; and, adds that fifteen or twenty Indians would find employ there in making Snow Shoes. The Messrs. Abbots, of Franklin, killed in one day last week, two Moose, in the neighborhood of Narraguagus; and one day, in 8 hours from the time they left their houses, they returned with two live Deer, which are now in this town. We understand that on the same day that the Messrs. Abbots killed the Moose, Capt. Hooper of Franklin, Mr. West and Mr. Fletcher of Mariaville, each killed another, making 5 in one day. It is not improbable that 400 Deer, 50 Bears, and 20 Moose, will be slain from the 15th of February to the 30th of March, between the Penobscot and Schoodiac

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening, 19th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Mead, Mr. PETER OSBORN, of this city, to Miss REBECCA G. SAUNDERS, of Southwark. At Lancaster, on Wednesday evening, the 18th inst. by Nathaniel Lightorer, Eq. Mayor, William GUEST CHANDLER, to SARAH, daughter, of Maris Taylor, Eq. of West Mariborough, Chester county.

DIED. On Tuesday evening, of pulmonary consumption, JAMES GRAY, in the 17th year of his age. The friends of the family are particularly invited to attend his funeral, from his mother's dwelling, George street, four doors above Tenth, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock. four doors above Tenth, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock.
Yesterday morning, ELIZABETH, daughter of Harriet Aitken, aged 6 years, 5 months and 3 days. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her grandmother, Eli-

zabeth Schreiner, No. 11 Cherry street, this afternoon, on the evening of the 24th, of a lingering illness, RACHEL, eldest daughter of William Moon, agod 2

years and 4 months.

In Washington city, on Thursday, the 19th instant,
ANN S. youngest daughter of the Hon. Samuel Southard, late Secretary of the Navy, in the fourth year of

her age.
On the 4th of February, at Pascagoula, State of Mississippi, Major THOMAS R. BROOM, Superintendent of the public works at that place; and formerly paymaster of the 7th Reg. United States' Infantry.
In this town, on Sunday last, JACOB MANN, Esq. aged 75 years. In the morning Mr. M. enjoyed his usual health, (which was remarkably good, for a person of his advanced age.) A short time, however, after the family

health, (which was remarkably good, for a person of his advanced age.) A short time, however, after the family had gone to church, he imagined himself a little unwell, and concluded to take a point of salts. Instead of taking salts, he took, by mistake, a dose of salt petre, which occasioned his death in less than half an hour, and before any medical aid could be procured.—Mr. Mann was an old inhabitant of this town, and was once Sheriff of the county.—Scholarie Rengh. heriff of the county .- Schoharie Repub.

TO LET.

A three story brick house, No. 16
Prune street, between Fourth and Fifth
streets. Apply to J. J. Barclay, 119 Walnut street.
march 26—eo3t

New York Trade Sale. THE Subscribers will commence the sale of

an extensive Catalogue of BOOKS and STA-TONARY to the Trade, on Monday, the 30th day of TIONARY to the Irade, on Homes, and College, March, at 9 o'clock, A. M.
Booksellers who have not sent in their invoices, will please direct them to the subscribers. A revise catalogue will be printed on the morning of sale, and all additions

LONDON BOOKS.—The Catalogue for the splendid

London sale, which will take place on the 31st, is already published, and may be had at the store of R. GURLEY, No. 253 Market street. This catalogue comprises some of the most valuable works in the English Language, and the whole invoice, amounting to about 5000/, will be sold at this sale. P. W. JOHNSTONE & Co. No. 169 Broadway, New York.

A SMALL GIRL. THIRTEEN or Fourteen years of age, will hear of a good situation by applying at this march 26—if

C. P. WAYNE, At the S. W. Corner of Fourth and Market Streets, Philadelphia,

HAS FOR SALE, A N EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of the following goods, which he offers Wholesale or Reat reasonable prices, viz:

LOOKING GLASSES, In every variety of Frame, BRASS ANDIRONS, S. TONGS AND FENDERS, TEATRAYS, WAITERS & BREAD BASKETS, PLATED TABLE CASTORS AND CANDLESTICKS, KNIVES & FORKS, & BRASS CANDLE-STICKS. BRITTANIA TEA AND COFFEE POTS, BLOCK TIN T. & C. do. COFFEE MILLS, TEA KETTLES, BOILERS, LA-

DLES, SPOONS, and a great variety of other goods for HOUSEKEEPERS.

Many of the above Goods have just been received by the late arrivals from Europe, and from the Manufactories in the United States. march 20-eo6t

FOR SALE.

A two story house, situated in Walnut street, between Front and Second streets. For particulars inquire of J. DOBLER, No. feb. 14-tf 871 South Second street.



WALNUT STREET THEATRE .- This evening March 26, will be presented, for the last time, the melo-drama, called THE KING AND DESERTER; or, the Assarsins of the Black Forest.—Frederick the Great, Mr. Roberts.—Adelbert, Mr. Blake.—Rosalie, Mrs. Durang. After the Drama, will be presented the Comic Interlude of THE IRISH TUTOR; or, New Lights.—Dr. Flail, Mr. Roberts.—The entertainments to conclude with the Pantominic Drama of the MUTINEER: or, the South Soa Idanders. rama of the MUTINEER; or, the South Sea Islander Drama of the MUTINEER; or, the South Sea Islanders, John Adams, Mr. Porter.—Tom Pipes, Mr. Green.—To-morrow evening, by express desire, BRUTUS.—Lucius Junius Brutus, Mr. Hamblin. In preparation, and will speedily be produced, the grand historical drama, called ALFRED THE GREAT; or, the Enchanted Standard. With new scenery, all the original music, grand processions, &c. &c. Miss KELLY is engaged; due notice will be given of her first appearance.

pearance.
On Saturday evening, Shakspeare's Play of KING-HENRY IV.—Sir John Falstaff, Mr. Warren, his first ppearance in this Theatre, and for that night only .d, the whole for the BENEFIT of Mr. and Mrs. Doors open at 6 o'clock .- The curtain will rise at

clock, precisely.

Orchestra, \$1-Boxes, 75 cents-Pit, 50 cents-Gal-

lery, 25 cents.

Places may be taken of Mr. Edmonds, at the Box Office, from 10 until 3 o'clock.

ALMANACK.

MARCH.	RI	US SES.	51	TS.	WA	GR TER.	MOON'S PHASES.
6 THURSDAY	5	52	6	8	5	30	E338
7 FRIDAY,	5	51	6	9	6	28	1 = 2 3
SATURDAY	5	50	6	10	7	29	
9 SUNDAY,	5	48	6	12	8	47	200 20
30 MONDAY	5	47	6	13	10	12	2040
31 TUESDAY	5	46	6	14	11	23	P 4 00 01
1 WEDNESDAY	5	54	6	16	0	18	35 4 S

#### SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED. Schr. Planter, Frost, 10 days from Portsmouth, N. H. with hemp and iron, to Haven & Smith. CLEARED.

Ship Delaware, Bartleson, City Point, Thos. E. Waicer & Co.

Brig Shawmut, Wing, Boston, A. C. Barclay.
Schr. Cumberland, Wheaton, Richmond, C. S. Fol-

NEW YORK, March 25 .- Brig Maria, Lyle, of Philadelphia, 16 days from St. Croix, W. E. sugar and rum, &c. Passenger, N. Freeman, Left 8th inst. brig Globe, of Portland, uncertain, and 3 other American

ressels, names not known. Schr. Good Hope, Buddington, of New Haven, 2 Schr. Good Hope, Buddington, of New Haven, 20 days from Maracaibo, with 100 tons fustic, Sailed in company with brigs Nimrod, for Philadelphia, Hiram, for New York; schr. William, for St. Thomas, and others reported. Left 26th Feb. at the Bar, brigs Bea-

ver, for New York, weighting for a pilot; Ruby, for do. next day; Constitution, Robinson, repairing 9th instant. Cape Nicholas S. E. distant 8 miles, spoke schr. Eclipse, from Aux Cayes, for New York.

Below, 2 ships, 1 brig, and several fore and aft schrs.

from the southward.

Sailed ship Henry Hill, Urquhart, Mobile; brig George, Lord, Havana.

Cleared, barque Armadillo, Robertson, Antwerp.

Brig Hayti, Clark, Eastport.

Brig Columbus, Lake, New Orleans.

The schr. Elvira, M. S. Mandriel, master, left St.

Augustine on the gth Feb. On the 21st, shipped a tremendous sea, which shifted her cargo, and hove her on beam ends; compelled to cut away her mainmast, when mendous sea, which shifted her cargo, and hove her on beam ends; compelled to cut away her mainmast, when she fell off before the wind, with the loss of deck load, boat, cambouse, and best bower anchor, with 3 feet water in her hold; all hands and passengers employed in pumping and bailing for 36 hours. On the 23d, rolled away the foremast. We succeeded in rigging two jury masts, and out of the ruins of our foresail and mainsail, got two sails set upon them. On the 6th March, shipped a heavy sea, which swept overboard John Ryan, seaman, of Maine. On the 13th, being out of provisions and water, fell in with the schr. Milo, of Camden, put on board four passengers, and received bread and beef. On board four passengers, and received bread and beef. On the 19th, drifted off Cape May, destitute of provisions and water, fell in with the pilot boat Leo, who took us in tow under Cape May. During the gales, were on the wreck 28 days, all hands being completely worn out with fatigue, and almost famished for the want of water, a state of despair, when we were fortunately

relieved by the pilots.
BOSTON, March 23.—The ship Sarah-Parker, from ing to anchor, not baving sufficient room to bring up she struck on the rocks off Ham Island, with 4 feet wa ter in her hold. She has a cargo of Salt, and is insured

in this city.

SALEM, March, 22.—Arrived, brig Fenelon, Dowst, from St. Thomas.

A light brig, unknown, put in for a harbor.

Sailed, Thursday, schr. Banner, Wells, for N. York.

On Saturday, brig Edwin, Williams, for Portland—she put in here in distress two or three weeks since, in

ut in here in distress two or three weeks since, in ong passage from the West Indies. BATH, March 19.—Arrived, brigs Lucy, Gross, from Furks Island; Jane, Riley, do. NEWPORT, March 22.—Arrived, brig Mount-Hope,

Carr, from Providence for Baltimore.
PROVIDENCE, March 22.—Cleared, brigs Mount-Hope, Carr, Baltimore; Randolph, Harper, Philadel-

BRISTOL, March 21 .- Cleared, ship Charlotte, Brigs Remittance, Monroe, Savannah; America

Gladding, Matanzas.

NEW LONDON, March 21.—Arrived, ship Neptune Starke, from Brazil Banks, Jan. 9th, with 1400 bbls. oil Reports the Ann Maria, in Dec. with 1200 bbls. and 2 whales along side; Manchester Packet, 900 bbls. and 2 whales; Wabash, 900; John & Edward, 900, Jones, 1000; Flora, early in the season, 3 whales—all of New London: Henry, (15th Dec.) 1700; Marcus, do. 18 Whales; Union, do. 1200 bbls.; Hannibal, 6th Jan. 22 whales: Argonaut, 1100 bbls.: Cadmus, 900-all of Sa Ann, and Essex, both of Bristol, each with vhales; George, 17 whales. The Neptune left the banks without a full cargo, it

of losing her bowsprit, having been run into by the Essex.

BALTIMURE, March 25.—Arrived, steam boat
Norfolk, Henderson, from Norfolk. Below Point Lookout, passed a ship and brig at anchor. The ship Corinthian, Curtis, bound to Calcutta, was lying in Anapoli

Below, two schrs. one the Abigail, Elwell, from Bo

In the Bay, bound to Baltimore, brigs Eunice, from New Orleans; Pacific, Wood, from New York. Cleared, brigs Virginia, Smith, Minorca and a mar-ket; Mechanic, Wilson, Boston; schr. Paul Pry, Her-vey, Port au Prince; sloop Planter, Albertson, Phila-

CHARLESTON, March 18 .- Arrived, British brig

Ewan, Roberts, Liverpool, Jan. 17—salt, potatoes and earthenware. Left British brig Thomas Battersby, Peaup, for this port in 10 or 15 days.

Brig Albert, Woodberry, Havana, 10 days—molasses, agar and coffee. The A. has experienced severe gales f wind from N. W. to W. during the passage; split the

of wind from N. W. to W. during the passage; split the sails, carried away the rigging, &c.
Brig Watchman, Nason, Boston 23 days.
Schr. Hoogley, (of Newburyport,) Stover, Jaquemel 25 days, mahogany, coffee, hides and tabacco. Bound to Newburyport; put in to repair damages sustained in a gale of wind, having sprung the foremast by carrying away the shrouds, and received other damages. Left at Jaquemel, 20th ult. schr. Hannah & Susan, of Newburyport, Bailey, for New York, in 15 days, the only American ryport, Bailey, for New York, in 15 days, the only Ame n vessel in port.

Cleared, brig Stranger, Hull, West Indies.

The Rev. J. N. MAFFIT, by Divine perstreet, this evening, at 7 o'clock, after which a collec-tion will be taken up, to aid the funds of the Sabbath School Society.

LADIES.

THE Ladies of this city are respectfully requested to call and examine the most beautiful assortment of Combs ever before offered; among others the elegantly earryed open work tops, tuck combs of various patterns, side and front crescent combs to match. The above articles, made only by the Subscriber, are warranted to be far superior, both in strength and beac-ty, to the East India Combs.

N. B. Carved combs of all descriptions repaired so as o look equal to new, at M. J. LITTLE BOYS, jan. 14-1f No. 441 North Second street.

NOTICE,

LL persons indebted to the Estate of WIL-A LIAM HUTTON, Physician, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the Estate are requested to present the

THOMAS SHIPLEY, Executor, 2mo, 20-colm No. 57 Market street. THE LADIES

ARE respectfully invited to call and examine what we have received from suction this morning, viz: 20 dezen ladies' black raw silk hose, at 874 cents a pair, a very suitable article for this season of the year; 10 dezen ladies' black and white silk hose, at \$1 25 a hose, as in any store in this city; mena' brown, white, and marble ecfored hose and half hose, 100 dozen ladies' Hoskin gloves, at 374 cents a pair; best quality, at 44 cents a pair; via New York, I case assorted colored batiste, for spring dresses, will be sold below the common retailing price; I case 50 pair superior fast colored English furniture chintz, No. 9; gauze cap riband, at 8 cts. a yard, commonly retailing at 12½ cents; No. 6 and 9, 12, 16 and 22, satin and mantus ribands, by the piece or yard, at reduced prices, with a good assortment of watered plaid and striped waist riband; 20 pair 4-4 and 6-4 pink and buff secresucker glaphams; 50 pair 4-4 and 6-4 pink and buff secresucker glaphams; 50 pair 4-4 and 6-4 pink and buff secresucker glaphams; 50 pair 4-4 and 6-4 pink and buff secresucker glaphams; 50 pair 4-4 and 6-8 pink and buff secresucker glaphams; 50 yair 4-6 and 6-8 pink and buff secresucker glaphams; 50 yair 4-6 and 6-8 pink and series a yard; fine lines lawns, and cambric pocket hdkfs.; 50 greadine scaris, at 62½ a searf; superior 3 yds. long, at \$1 75 a piece; yellow and blue nankeens; Canton crapes; white, black and green Italian crapes, by the yard qr piece; Italian sewing silk, 3 cents a skein; 100 silver thimbles, at 20 cents a thimble, spool cotton, at 61 a spool; pins, 62 cents a sheet; a first rate assortment of brown and bleached domestic muslins, by the piece or yard, at 4 per cent, for cash, at No. 46 North Fourth street, above Arch.

N. B. Super blue black gros de Naples, at 62½ cents a yard.

LEGENDS OF TERROR.

YEAL & MACKENZIE, No. 201 Chesnut street, and 4 Chamber street, New York, have commenced publishing the above popular English work in numbers, at the low price of 6½ cents each. Six numbers have been already published, and the seventh will be ready for delivery in the course of a week.

A large assortment of cheap colored Flowers, Landscapes, Rural Scenes, Butterflies, Theatrical Portraits, and a large collection of cheap colored French Prints of Cayalry Officers, Infantry, Sappers, and Miners, Artillery, Pioneers, Staff Officers, &c. suitable for children.

A variety of Guitar Music, Card Music of popular airs, lithographic and plate, march 26—tf airs, lithographic and plate. RICHMAN'S OFFICE,

No. 1 NORTH THIRD STREET. \$30.000 FOR \$10 ONLY. NION CANAL LOTTERY OF PENNSYL-VANIA, Class No. 3. for 1829, to be drawn in Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 16th of April, 1829.—

1   15,000   51   1   10,000   51   1   1   10,000   51   1   1   1   10,000   51   1   1   10,000   102   10   100   102   10   100   102   10   10		51 prizes of \$	1 prize of\$30,000
1	90	51	115,000
1	80	51	110,000
10		51	
10	60	102	14,010
10		102	
10500   204		102	
	\$0	204	
10400   1122	20	1122	10400
		11475	

N. B. Ten Capital Prizes sold in the last class, and paid at this office.

The above scheme being the most splendid ever of-fered, the public are requested to call at RICHMAN'S, and procure the above Capitals.

Tickets and Shares all signed by the Managers, for J. RICHMAN'S
Office, No. 1 North Third street. sale cheap at All orders attended to, as punctual as personal appli-

BICKERSTETH ON PRAYER. ATELY Published, by E. LITTELL, No. 136 Chesnut street, a Treatise on Prayer; designed to assist in the devout discharge of that duty—by the ed to assist in the devout discharge of that duty—by the Rev. Edward B.ckersteth. Also for sale, Private Thoughts upon Religion, and a Christian Life—by Bishop Beveridge; Lectures on the Gospel of St. Matthew—by Bishop Porteus. march 26—tf

Manufacturer's Market. AT a Meeting of Manufacturers, held at Bradshaw's Hotel, on the 7th inst. the Subscriber being appointed agent for the establishment, of a general mart, for the EXHIBITION and SALE OF AMERICAN FABRICS on stated days by private contract, bereby gives notice that the spacious Warehousea, No. 13 & 13, NORTH WATER STREET, are now ready for the reception of goods, upon which liberal advances will be made, at the convenience of owners. The first sales will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst. commencing at 3 o'clock. As it is believed this

inst. commending at 3 o'clock. As it is believed this arrangement will be found convenient and beneficial both to Manufacturers and Dealers, their joint patronage is respectfully solicited. SAMUEL COMLY.

CITIZENS' STEAM BOAT LINE FOR NEW YORK.



Fare Through, \$4.

N. B. For Seats apply at the Steam Boat Office, No.

Arch street, corner of Front street, or of the Captain

on board the B	oat, at Arch street Wha	urf.
E	XCHANG	E.
TO ANK BI	LLS of Maine,	1 per cent.
BANK BI	Massachusetts,	1 '
	Vermont,	1 —
	Rhode Island,	1
	Connecticut,	
	New York, interio	r,l
	New Jersey,	
	Pennsylvania,	
	West	1,21
	Maryland,	
	District of Colomb	
	Virginia	1

Third street, purchase all the above at the prices set op-posite, and collect DRAFTS and NOTES on all the ci-ties and principal towns in the Union, at the most mode-J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,

Exchange Office, 35 South Third street.

THE AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. AILY make INSURANCE on property of every description, from LOSS or DAMAGE

BY FIRE, on terms as reasonable and LIBERAL as any similar Institution in the United States. Applications at the Office, No. 101 CHESNUT STREET, either personal or by letter, promptly decided on.

JOB BACON, Secretary.

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, FOR INSURANCE AGAINST

LOSS BY FIRE. 

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that this Company continue to make INSURANCE, either Permanent or Limited, on Property and effects of every description, against Loss or Damage by FIRE, on terms as liberal as any similar Institution. By its Charter it is confined to the single object of INSURING PROPERTY ON LAND, OR LYING IN PORT, from loss by Fire, and affords the best securi-ty against the distress and ruin too often occasioned by he ravages of that destructive element. Applications made personally, or by letter, at the blice, No. 184 WALNUT STREET, between Fifth

GEORGE HEYL. NOTARY PUBLIC, OFFICE No. 25 NORTH SEVENTH street, next door to the United States Mint. feb. 23-1m

and Sixth streets, Philadelphia, will be promptly at-tended to. JONATHAN SMITH, Secretary

PUBLIC MEETING.

MEETING of Citizens will be held at the District Court Room on Tuesday, the 31st just. 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to take into consideration at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to take into consideration two important objects; one the establishment of a School for the education of the blind. The other, the formation of a Society for the encouragement of faithful servants on the plan adopted in London and New York, and at-tended with the most signal success. insert the above.

Sales at Auction.

BY R. F. ALLEN & CO. 73 MARKET STREET.

PACKAGE SALE OF BRITISH GOODS.

On Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the auction store, on a credit of 6 months,

130 packages fresh Spring Goods, per the latest arrivals, consisting of a general assortment.

Goods will be arranged with catalogues, one day previous to the sale, over Messrs. Newkirk, Worth & Co's. store. No. 25 Market street.

BY J. B. GRANT. 241 MARKET STREET.

BOOKS AND STATIONARY. o-morrow evening, by Catalogue, at the Auction Store, Will be sold a large assortment of medical, historical, cological miscellaneous and school books, in lots to suit Also, blank books, quills, paper, and stationary ge-

MEDICINE CHEST.

Also, at 8 o'clock, a handsome mahogany medicin hest, with bottles, &c. complete, fit for family or ships Also, at same time, a valuable surveyor's compass, is

SALES OF HARDWARE, &c. This evening, at half past 6 o'clock, A large and general assortment of hardware, cutlery

Also, 1 cask butcher knives, 12 sets ivory handle knives and forks. Also, a large assortment of Brazilian shell, back, neck Also, I cask fancy head case-hardened polished sho-

vel and tongs, of very superior quality, assorted sizes.

Also, 100 doz. red morocco pocket books, assorted from 4 to 7 inches; 100 red morocco spectacle cases.

CUTLERY, &c.—Additional. 6 packages cutlery, &c. just imported, consisting of table and desert knives and forks, carvers, fine wrought steel scissors, pen knives, barlows, thick back, plain and swedged pocket knives, shoe knives, butcher do. I trunk gilt coat and vest buttons, 3 do. Brazilian shell back,

ment.

The samples of the above may be seen during the STOCK OF HARDWARE, &c.

A stock consisting of polished steel spectacles, pocket books, beads, toy watches, combs, ink stands, purse clasps, hat buckles, watch seals, chains and keys, black lead pencils, Carpenter's do., plated hooks and eyes, necklaces, waist clasps, breast pins, gilt rings, snuff boxes, tea caddies, combs, commode locks, molasses gates, spigots, cut tacks, knives, scissors, razors, lanthors, files, rasps, and a variety of other articles.

50 dozen C. S. & G. S. Hand Saws.

Catalogues are now ready for delivery. FILES AND RASPS.

This evening,
2 entire packages first quality files and rasps, consisting of 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 16 inch flat bastard, flat and rough, and half round bastard files second cut single mill different sizes, half round wood, horse shoe, and cabinet rasps, various sizes, 41, 5, 6 inch C. S. hand haw sharps, three square files, from 8 to 14 inch, half round smooth do, from 7 to 12 inch.

Household, Kitchen; and Bar Furniture. On Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the Bridge Ho-tel, in Market street, near Schuylkill Front street, All the household, kitchen and bar furniture of a per-All the household, kitchen and bar furniture of a per-son declining business, viz: mahogany dining, ten, breakfast and card tables, feather beds, bedsteads, 8 doz. chairs, wash stands, candle do. 1 doz marbled tables, 2 stoves, 2 astral lamps, carpets, looking glasses, addirons, shovel and tongs, bureaus, mattresses, &c. A quantity of bar and kitchen furniture.

BY T. B. FREEMAN & SON. AUCTION MART, 8 SOUTH THIRD STREET

SALE OF HARDWARE, &c. This evening, at half past 7 o'clock, at the auction store No. 8 South Third street, in lots to suit purchasers, A fresh lot of fine cutlery, hardware, &c. Also, 1 set of plated coach harness, 2 sets gig do. and

SCHOOL FURNITURE. o-morrow, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, Church Alley, between Second and Third streets, at the School Room of the late James Mann, deceased, The School Room Furniture, consisting of desks, book case, tables, a variety of stationary, school and other books, globes, air pumps, and many philosophical

Also, a wardrobe, &c. SECOND HAND FURNITURE. On Saturday, at half past 10 o'clock, in the long room, On Saturday, at half past 10 o'clock, in the long room, first floor of the auction store,
A quantity of household furniture, from a private family, viz: S high post, 4 field post bedsteads, 8 feather beds, well made sideboard, sofa, several bureaus, 3 pair card tables, a very superior pair dining tables, elegant carved high post bedsteads, number of washstands, ladies' work tables, glasses, several good ingrain carpets, 10 rush chairs.

10 rush chairs. NEW FURNITURE.

3 sideboards, 3 sofas, 4 settees, 5 dozen windsor chairs, rocking, sewing and table chairs, with other ar-

By order of a pawnbroker, 12 silver tea spoons, sugar tongs, spy glass, ladies' gold watch, 2 carpets, with sun-dry articles of clothing.

Public Sale of Household Furniture. On Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, in Fifth street, between Cherry and Race street, east ride, 2 doors from the Church,

The furniture of a family removing, viz: sofa, sideboard, tables, carpeta, andirons, shovels and tongs, fender, looking glass, glassware, bedsteads, beds and bedding, washstands, bureaus, with other articles.

Also, many articles of kitchen furniture.

GEORGE P. BONNIN, ACCTIONEER, New and Second Hand Furniture.

To-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, at the S. W. corner
of Fifth and South streets,
1 superior bureau, card tables, carpetting, stoves
china and glassware, feather beds and bedsteads, chairs kitchen utensils, &c. property of a family removing. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Co-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the S. E. corne of South and Fourth streets, Part of the household and kitchen furniture of a fa

rart of the nonsessing of nily removing, consisting of Tables, chairs, bedsteads, beds, &c. with many usefu rticles in the house-keeping line. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. On Saturday, the 28th inst. at 10 o'clock, in Sprue street, corner of Little Dock, Some good Household Furniture, consisting of Mahogany tables, chairs, bureaus, beds, bedsteads at edding, andirons, shovels and tongs, kitchen furniture

ke. the property of a person removing. SOUTHWARK PROPERTY. REAL ESTATE. On Friday, 10th April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises

All that lot or piece of ground situate on the south side of Shippen street situate on the south side of Shippen street. Delaware Third and Fourth streets, containing between Delaware Third and Fourth streets, containing in front on Shippen street 37 feet, and depth southward 30 feet, to a court leading into Fourth street, with two 2 story brick houses erected thereon in Shippen street. Also, a 2 story brick house back of the above. The front property subject to an annual ground rent of \$20 53-100. The whole clear of all other incumbrance. Title indisputable. Terms and conditions at time and place of

FURNITURE SALE. On Monday, 30th March, at 2 o'clock, at the south wes corner of Shippen and Fifth streets, A clarge and general assortment of household furni

ture,
Consisting of mahogany bureaus, tables, fanoy and
windsor chairs, carpeting, looking glasses, bedsteads,
feather beds and bedding, china, glass, and queensware,
prints, &c. with a quantity of useful kitchen farniture;
the whole to be sold without reserve, being the property of a person going to remove. FURNITURE SALE.

On Tuesday morning, 31st March, at 10 o'clock, at No. 146 South street, The neat and well kept furniture of a family remov-

Consisting of 2 mahogany sideboards, bureaus, dining Consisting of 2 managany succeourds, oureaus, dining, card and breakfast tables, cradles, settees, chairs, gilf frame and other looking glasses, ingrain carpets, feather beds and bedsteads, andirons, shorels and tongs, china and glassware, stores, japanned tea trays, prints, a general assortment of kitchen utensils, some books, among ended with the most signal success.

The Printers of the morning Papers are requested to march 24—tf

which are, American Biography, 5 vs. Josephus, 4 vs. Life of Buonaparte, 3 vs. alegantly bound, with other articles too tedious to enumerate.

## Sales at Auction."

BY GILL, PORD & CO.

NOTICE.—Our sale from the shelves, is margony is reason, will be held at the Store, No. 29 North Front treet, formerly occupied by Mesers. Wagners.

CARD.—The attention of purchasers is partic requested to the very handsome lot of Iriel line our sale to-morrow, amongst them, will be found, very superior † Coleraines, in half pieces.

CARD.—200 sample packages of fresh British Dry Goods, to be sold to-morrow merning, will be open for examination, at our ware rooms, No. 63 Market street, with catalogues, this day at 12 o'clock. The assurt-ment comprises a fresh lot of very desirable goods, just landed; to which the attention of purchasers is particu-larly remeated.

PACKAGE SALE.

To-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, on 6 months cradit, 150 packages fresh and desirable spring goods, comprising a handsome assortment of rich spring prints, circassians, black and colored bombazetts, worsted and cotton hose, French drillings, 7-8 and 4-4 Irish linear and lawas, gilt coat buttons, bang up cords, long cheft shirtings, valencia and Marseilles vestings, reso and point blankets, grandurelles, black lastings, times drillings.

ings. Also, a very superior assortment of 4-4 and 5-4 plan

nets.
Also, 150 pieces super London cloths and esseiner
by the package, of the most eclebrated manufacture, a
sating of fine and extra fine blue and black, wonded, of
brown, mixt, drab, green, &c.
INGRAIN CARPETING. Also, 2 bales very superior quality, ingrain carpeting.
Also, 6 cases leghoun hats, consisting of Bolivars, and
Crowns, and men's and boys' hats.
Also, an invoice of Canton goods of superior quality;
consisting of plaid hidds. levantine hidds. 18 yard black
sating, super black camblets, black and coloured crapes

and choppes.

Also, splendid London valencies. Also, an invoice of superfice Irish licens, superior to any offered this season, expressly for city trade.

ADDITIONAL.

To-morrow afternoon, 150 pieces fine and extra super blue, black, mixed and nedley cloths.
Also, 50 pieces London cassimeres.

LACE GOODS.

Also, a large and splendid invoice of English lees goods, just received, comprising gimps and bubbinet laces, fine 4-4 and 5-4 plain nets, thread edgings, wide English thread lace, elegant white and black bubbinet veils, lace half hdkfs. tettings, quillings, caps, capes and

STOCK OF DRY GOODS. To-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, on 4 months credit,
by order of assignees,
A stock of dry goods, comprising a large assertment
of fancy and staple goods.

BY GILLINGHAM, MITCHELL & CO. 127 MARKET STREET.

OF BRITISH GOODS. To-morrow morning, 150 packages fresh imported Spring Goods, comprising very handsome assortment of seasonable articles, re-

PACKAGE SALE

OF DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.

AT PRIVATE SALE. FUR HATS:—300 cases superior make Fur Hets, suitable for shipping, or city trade.

Also, 400 bags prime St. Domingo Coffee, entitled to

BOOKS-By Catalogue. This evening,

At half past 6 o'clock, in the long room, up stairs, in lots to suit Country Merchants and Booksellers,

A valuable assortment of Historical, Medical, Miscellaneous and School Books and Sthionary, Blank-Books, &c. some in quantities.

PAPER HANGING BORDERS. On Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the auction An invoice, combrising about 3500 pieces of paper.

An invoice, combrising about 3500 pieces of paper.

FURNITURE SALE.

On Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the store, for account of whom it may concern,

Numerous articles of fine Jewellery, Numerous articles of fine Jewellery,
Such as fine gold finger rings, elegantly ornamedicd, breast pins, ear rings, fine gold curb chains, several very elegant gold scals, last fishion.
Also, several double and single sared silver watches, altogether making a very valuable ascortment, and wall worthy the attention of dealers and country merchants, as every article will positively be sold without reserve.

JEWELLERY .- Positive Sale.

BY LIPPINCOTT & RICHARDS, 34 SOUTH FRONT STREWT. GROCERIES.

GROCERIES.

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, at the section store,
A general assortment of groceries.
Also, to close a consignment, 900 lengths 1-2 and 3-4
inch lead pipe, 200 kegs first quality verdigris in oil, 25
firkins best dry white lead, 25 bbls. Roman coment, 20
casks black paint in oil, 50 do, venitian red.
Also, without reserve, to close sales, 9 custs Russia
bristles, put up for the London market, and deserving
the attention of purchasers.

Also, on account of the concerned, 37 bales Upland
cotton, partially damaged on the voyage of importation.

the attention of purchasers.

Also, on account of the concerned, 37 bales Upland cotton, partially damaged on the voyage of importation.

Also, 15 chests young hyson tea, 16 half chests do. do. do., 67 bags pepper, 15 seroons Spanish flotant in digo, 7 cases Manilla do.

Also, 30 boxes rappee snuff.

Also, 15 boxes good brown sngar, 30 begs Cuba cafe

GROCERY STOCK & FIXTURES. On Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the S. E. corned of Third and Spruce streets, of Third and Spruce streets.

An assortment of groceries, wines and lique Also, 4 new oil canisters, 5 tea do., set of d GROCERY STOCK & FIXTURES.

A grocery stock, consisting of tea, sugar, coffee, pin-brandy, wine, spirits, with a general assortment of gro-Also, a complete set of stand casks, 3 oil stands about 300 gallons each, 1 pipe superior Madeira wine, I patent

Custom House Stores in Second, below Dock stores entitled to debenture,
10 puncheous very superior 5th proof 5 years dil.
Scotch whiskey.

On Monday, the 30th March, at 10 o'clock, at No. 10 North Second street,

On Tuesday morning, at half past 10 o'clock, in the Costom House Stores in Second, below Dock

SCOTCH WHISKEY.

DRY GOODS

To-morrow afternoon, at balf past 2 o'clock, at the smo Comprising plain cote pailes, plain Gros de Naples, rich gauze ribands, belt ribands, cap ribands, men's and women's gloves, Gros de Naples and cashmere hdlifs, merino and thibet square shawis, cashmere long shawis,

PACKAGE SALE

a very handsome assortment of seasonable articles, re-ceived by the latest arrivals.

Also, 30 cases of new pattern spring prints, now land-ing, a part full rich chintz colours, entire new style, on per cambric cloths. Also, 150 pieces super and extra super London cloths, just imported as blacks, blues, browns, olives, mixtures, clarets, drabs, &c. well worthy the attention

On Friday, April 3, at 11 o'clock,
150 packages Domestic colored cotton goods, embracing most of the descriptions of goods manufactured is
this city and neighbourhood.
They may be examined with the catalogues, on the
morning of sale.

BY S. D. SAGERS & CO. 83 CHESNUT STREET.

hanging borders, of various descriptions, both Frenchflock borders, and American plain and satin grounds,
we thy the attention of dealers and country merchants,
being the stock of an establishmedt declining business.

Catalogues, with samples, will be ready the day pre-HAIR MATRASSES. On Monday, at the sale of furniture, at No. 83 Chesunt street, will be sold,
6 new hair matrasses, of a good quality.
4 moss do. best quality.

On Monday morning, at half past 10 o'clock, at No. 85 Chemut street,
A variety of new and second hand furniture,
Viz: 1 sideboard, 5 sofas, dining, card and breakfast tables, toilet glasses, beds, bedsteads, mattresses, ward-robes, washelands, candlesticks, fancy and Windsor chairs, a variety of small chairs, such as rocking, sewing, children and table chairs, green venetian blinds, I piano forte, seitees, 1 fine violin, 1 coal stove, chima, glass, and crockery ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

51 tickets having on them the Combination Nos. 18 and 33, being the 5th and 6th, each.

bl tichets having on them the Combination.
18 and 28, being the fifth and 7th each.....

102 tickets having on them 33, and 38, being a 7th and 5th, or 33 and 53, being the 8th and

Pew in St. Andrew's Church.

OR sale, the Pew, No. 106, in the North Aisle of St. Andrew's Church. Apply at the Office march 23—co3t

HASTINGS & CHESTER have just opened a few bales of BRUSBERS CARPETING.

How bales of BRUSBERS CARPETING of severe beautingly and dedicately openmated than any H. C. hare believe offered for ask or see.

CARPET WARE HOUSE.

No. 18 Changel street, occuper of Franklin Place.

march 4—if

Extra Imperial Printing.

IMPERIAL and MEDIUM do.; Super Royal
Printing Paper, with Flat Cap, and various other
kinds of Printing and Writing Paper, this day received
or sale at POTTER'S PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 253 Market, opposite Duratur street.

march 24—tf

AMERICAN CORN AND GRASS SCYTHES A LARGE assortment of CORN AND GRASS
A SCYTHES, of Assertesa Manufacture, for sale by
G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
jen. 21—dtf No. 148 Market street.

MARYLAND SEGARS. 45.000 MARYLAND SEGARS, yellow and well made. For sale by A. J. BUCKNOR,

N. E. corner of Union & Second streets, and 14 Arca jan. 20—ti DRUGS, &c. io kegs Emery,
10 cases Liquecice,
4 balts Orangs Peel,
500 lb. Sen. Sn. Root,
50 do. Seammony Alep.
30 do. Rea. Jalap,
100 do. Stap. Isinglass,
400 do. Blus Smalts,
30 do. Oil Anis.
100 do. do. Lemon,
100 do. do. Cinnam,
230 do. Opium. 12 bbls. Camphor,
5 do. Cream Tartar,
50 do. Epsem Salt,
50 do. Black Lead,
10 do. Res. Guaine,
10 do. Catechu,
5 casks E. Litharge,
4 do. Terra Sjenna,
5 hhda. Plor. Sulph.
6 do. Pum. Stone,
2 do. Rotten do.
12 can. Salfron.

2 do. Rotten do.
12 can. Saffron,
Assafoctida, Borax, Cochineal, Gum Arabic, Tragacasth, Sarcaparilla, Liquorice Root, Sensa E. J. Logwood, Redwood, Blue Vitriol, Alum, Vial and Bottle Corks, with a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Glassware, &c. suitable for Drugsists, and Country Merchants, all of which will be sold on moderate terms.

T. W. DYOTT,
N. E. corner of Second and Race streets.

feb. 14—tf

COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED with all and every article in the Book and Stationary line, at very LOW PRICES, and on the most favorable terms, by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Pourth street.

Blank Books of all descriptions, made to order. jan. 29—Sin

Perfumery and Fancy Soap. OBERT HILL, 24 South Fourth street, has R just received, and offers for sale the following ar-

ticles, viz:—
600 doz. Fancy Soap in boxes, 1 doz. each.
280 do. do. papers, 1 do.
220 boxes Embossed Soap, 3 do.
61 Shaving do. 6 do.
150 doz. Cologue Water.
100 Lavender do.
With a full amply of other articles of Pe

With a full supply of other articles of Perfumery.— Merchants and others are requested to call and examin the above. LITHOGRAPHIC MUSIC, FOR THE PIANO.

THE Subscriber will have constantly on sale all the various pieces published by E. S. Messier, New York.

SAMUEL M. STEWART, No. 122 Chesnut street. WRITING INK.

PLACK, BLUE, and RED, manufactured by Walkden, Maynard & Noyes, and Stephen Nush. Terry's COPYING INK. Walkden's JAPAN INK. DURABLE INK, by Clout, Reeves, and others.
Also, Walkden's black and red INK POWDERS.
Ali the above warranted genuine, constantly for sa
y SAMUEL M. STEWART,
march 20—tf No. 122 Chesnut street.

THE PROTESTANT. UST received and for sale by E. LITTELL, No. 136 Cheanut street, THE PROTESTANT, a Tale of the Reign of Queen Mary, by the author of 'De Foix," "The White Hoods," &c. 2 vs. 12mo.

NEW MEDICAL BOOK.

JUST published and for sale by J. GRIGG,
No. 9 North Fourth street, a Treatise on the nature, cause, and treatment of Contagious Typhus, from
the German of J. Val de Hildenbrand, M. D. &c. &c. by S. D. Gross, M. D.

This work is noticed by Dr. Good as one of great me-

BEDDING WAREHOUSE, AND VENITIAN BLIND MANUFACTORY, No. 102 WALNUT STREET. Between Fourth and Fifth streets.

MOSS & WALTON RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have now on hand, and they intend constantly to keep a good stock of first rate, well dried SOUTHERN FEATHERS, for Beds, and the best CURLED HAIR, for Mattresses.

Also, the first quality ENGLISH and DOMESTIC Also, the first quamy A. TICKING.

M. & W. beg to assure those who may favor them with their orders, that they may rely upon having every article in the above line, of the best materials and workmanship, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Manship, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

VENITIAN BLINDS, with new and ornamental fronts, painted in green and fancy colors, warranted of the best material the best materials, at reduced prices.

N. B. WINDOW CURTAINS and BED FURNITURES made up and fixed according to designs of the latest London and Parisian Fashions.

CARPETS and FLOOR MATTING neatly fitted.

KING'S FASHIONABLE

Hat and Cap Store. THE Subscriber having taken THE Subscriber having taken the store formerly occupied by F. H. COOKE, 30 South Sixth street, (Shakepeare Building) where he intends keeping the best, cheapest and most elegant gentlemen's, youths' and children's fashionable hats and cass, which are offered in the greatest variety, of every shape and fashion, suitable for all seasons. The subscriber assures his friends and the public, that hats of equal, if not superior quality, can be obtained much cheaper than at any other similar establishment in the city.

N. B. Country merchants and others, will find it to their advantage to call and examine before they purchase.

Also, HATS made to order at the shortest notice. FURS taken in exchange for hats.

nov. 27—tf

THOMAS L. KING.

New Snuffs from South America. JUST RECEIVED at No. 44 & 46 ARCADE, superior Souffs of the following sorts, viz:
Salazzar's celebrated Nonpareil Souff, from Couroso;
Steve's Le Panto, from the same place; do. Nectarion, from do. May be had as above, Dr. Cook's Vegetable Sauff,

cure for the Head Ache, with a general assortment of the Sauffe in daily use. march 24-tf Albright's Columbian Syrup, Superior to Panaceas for the cure of the following

diseases, viz.:

NECROSIS, (or affections of the Bones;)
KING'S EVIL, (or Scrofula;) CANCEROUS,
and inveterate ULCERS; LIVER and BILIOUS
COMPLAINTS; RHEUMATIC affections of the head COMPLAINTS; RHEUMATIC affections of the head and SYSTEM generally; ULCERS of the MOUTH and THROAT; SYPHILIS, and all diseases arising from the improper use of MERCURY,

As a general depurative article, or cleaner of the blood, this remedy possesses invaluable powers; it ib-proves the appetite, and has also the remarkable effect of depriving the skin of that yellow bilious tint, which is a compress in hillous constitutions.

of depriving the skin of that yellow bilious tint, which is so common in bilious constitutions.

The Columbian Syrup may be had of Warder Morria, Druggist, No. 45 North Third street, William Rovondt, Druggist, corner of Fourth and Wood streets, Thomas Cave, N. E. corner of Sixth and Market streets, Joseph Reakirt, corner of Third and Callowhill streets, Burgin and Wood, S. E. corner of Third and Arch streets, and No. 29 North Third street, Zebulon Holmes, No. 28 Lombard street, and J. M. Pleis, No. 214 North Third street, where numerous highly respectable certificates of treet, where numerous highly respectable certificates cures performed by the above Medicine, may be seen. Price \$5 per bottle, and \$30 per dozen.
J. ALBRIGHT,

Philadelphia, Sept. 30-tf No. 103 Arch street. WANTED, N Office in the centre part of the city. Apply at this Office. A ply at this Office.

18 39 45. 66.000 the highest prize sold in this city, in the second clare Union Canal Lettery, was sold at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lettery and Rechanics' Le

LITHOGRAPHY.

RENNEDY & LUCAS, No. 90 SOUTH THIRD STREET, No. 10 SOUTH THIND STREET,

NFORM the public that they have established
a press for all business in the above line, and are
ready to execute any order upon the shortest notice,
such as Portrait, Landscape, Architecture, Music, Cirmars, &c. of every kind.

Specimens of the above to be seen at the office of the
march 25—5m

> CITIZEN'S STEAM BOAT LINE FOR NEW YORK.

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, DAILY.

ONE of the Citizen's Line Steam Boats leaves
OArch street Wharfevery day, at 12, o'clock, for
Burington, and Bristol, returning the same aftersoon.
Passengers for NewYork lodge at Trenton, and arrive
in New York the next aftersoon, by the Steam Boat
from New Brunswick. Fare through \$4.

N. B. For seats apply at the Steam Office, No. 8,
Arch street, corner of Front street, or of the Captain
on board, at Arch street Wharf.

march 16—d

Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland Steam Navigation Company, THE Subscribers to Stock in this Company are informed their instalments due, will be received at the Companil because the Companil by the companil to the comp ay's Office, Perot's Wharf. N. DAVIDSON, Agent.

ON Monday next, 16th in-stant, one of the UNION LINE STEAM BOATS will leave Chesnut Street wharf for BALTIMORE, at 12 o'clock and continue to leave at that hour daily during the eason. All baggage at the risk of its owner.

March 14, 1829—tf.

BALTIMORE UNION LINE.

New Orleans and Nashville

Acres STEAM BOATS.

New steamboat Brandywine, Capt. Gordon, 500 tons.

Geneval Coffee, Norvell, 150

Lady Washington, Wilson, 140

Will ply regularly during the business season, between
New Crleans and Nashville, landing freight and passengers at intermediate ports. The subscribers, agents for
the above boats, will receive and forward freight, without
delay, by them, or any other boats that may be in port. delay, by them, or any other boats that may be in port, free of all expense, except drayage.

They are also appointed agents for the following boats,

Plying between

NEW ORLEANS AND LOUISVILLE.

New steam boat Uncle Sam, Capt. Hulbert, 500 tons.

Caledonia, Russell, 370

Daniel Boone, Lansdale, 350

Cayalier, Reeder, 220

Beckwith, 200

Daniel Boone, Lansdale, 350
Cavalier, Reeder, 270
Criterion, Beckwith, 200
The abeve boats are substantial and swift, and commanded by experienced men. One of them will be in New Orleans during the season, and goods forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Mississippi, Cumberland or Tennessee Rivers, by YORKE, MACALESTER & Co. Commission Merchants, New Orleans.

For further information, apply to

For further information, apply to MACALESTER & YORKE, No. 8 Minor street.



THREE SUBSTANTIAL WELL BUILT UNION CANAL BOATS, with Covers, Oars, Poles, Ropes, &c. for sale low. Apply to J. R. & J. M. BOLTON, Callowhill street wharf, Schuylkill, 2d below Fairmount.

march 11-tf PHILADELPHIA SUSPENDER MANUFACTORY No. 26 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

THE subscribers respect-fully inform their friends the public generally, that No. 26 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, opposite the Indian Queen Hotel, where they manufacture and have constantly on hand, a greater variety of Fancy silk, sewing silk, worsted and cotton Suspenders, than has heretofore been offered for sale in this City-including a general assortment of A. L. VANHORNS' late improved and Patented spring roller Sus-penders, with Springs attached to the Rollers in front, making them in point of ease and du-rability far superior to the Rol-ler Suspenders formerly ased, all of which they will dispose of

on the most reasonable terms Wholesale and Retail. Also, Russian belts, Vest springs Cravat stiffners, Silk, hair and patent leather stocks, Sewing silk webbing Manufactured and sold as above. Country Merchants and others dealing in the above ar-ticles, will find it to their advantage to call before they purchase elsewhere. VANHORN & PIMM. N. B. All kinds of Suspenders repaired.

W. E. TATEM,



COPPERSMITH AND SHEET IRON WORKER. INFORMS the pubbusiness at No. 14 SOUTH EIGHTH Street, where Copper Conductors ap

Copper Pumps and Mea-sures for grocers, Stills of various sizes, Hatters plank and dye Ket-

tles, Washing and Preserving Kettles, Mineral Water Apparatu Russia Sheet Iron Stoves of various patterns for burning

Copper Work of every description made and repaired jan. 19-dtf

CIRCULATING LIBRARY. UST RECEIVED at the Circulating Library,
No. 92 South Third street, Tales of the Great St.
Bernard; Life in India; Tales of Woman; Pelham;
Tokeah, or the White Rose; Disowned, &c. &c.
Just published and for sale as above, Luke the Labourer, or the Lost Son, a Melo-drama in two acts; the
Eighth of January, a Drama in three acts; William
Tell; Botheration, or a Ten Years Blunder; He Lies
Like Truth. &c. &c.

Like Truth, &c. &c.
Also, the Tippy, Side Cracking Songster, Eclipse do.;
Sloman's Drolleries, Theatrical Budget, or Actor's Rogolia, and Whale's Terpsicohrina, containing a large collection of Comic Songs, as sung by Sloman, Rob Hilson, &c. &c. WEIKEL & BUNN, Hilson, &c. &c. WEIKEL & BUNN, march 13—tf No. 92 South Third street.

JOHN LOVE.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, TO.75 NORTH THIRD STREET, three doors TO.75 NORTH THIRD STREET, three doors from the Golden Swan.—Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a large assortment of Gentlemen's BOOTS AND SHOES, made of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate Workshop of the best materials and by the first rate workshop of the best materials and the best materials and the best materials and the best materials and the best material men, which he will sell on reasonable terms. The Subscriber pledges himself, that every attention shall e paid to give satisfaction to those Gentlemen who will favour him with their patronage. Gentlemen's Bopts

BOOKS.

ADY of the Manor, 7 vs.; Gleanings for Youth, 2 vs.; The Casket; Rachel Dyer, a North American story; Parkhurst's Moral Philosophy; Howard's Beauties of Literature, containing selections from Byron. Swift, Addison, Pitt, Canning, Franklin, Johnson, Plutarch, &c. for sale at R. GURLEY'S Commission Book Store, No. 253 Market street.

JUST PUBLISHED,

THE CASRET FOR MARCH, E MBELLISHED with an elegant Portrait of the late Francis Hopkinson, Esq.; Views of Sce-nery on Connecticut River, The Swedes' Church, and Music.

Music.

CONTENTS.—Biographical Sketch of Francis Hopkinson; Prize Essay, written for the Casket, by Mrs.

L. Dumont; Biographical Sketch of John Wells, by John Bentley Scoles, Influence of Periodical Literature, by Pasquin; Gaming Houses, King Pedro's Revenge; The Half Brothers; Battle of Trafalgar; Runfett Singh and his Court; Farewell to the Dying Year; Connecticut River, with Engraving; Swedes' Church, with Engraving; Calum Dhu; The Pinch of Sunff, Too Handsome for Anything; Dysp-psia; Philosophy and Independence; Romance in Real Life; Village Sketches; a Chapter from Washington Irving's New Work, "The Conquest of Granada;" A Scene from "the Roue;" The Ladies Cabinet, Wit and Scntiment; Alusic.

POETRY.—To——, with the flower Forget-me-

ment; Music.

POETEY.—To ——, with the flower Forget-menot, Emily; Sonnet, to an Absent Lover, Emma; On the Mutability of Human Hopes, W. F. Marvin; Extract from 'The Star of Destiny!' Senex; Lines, Arcolo; Imprompts to Priscilla, E.; Sunset, Senex; Song, Our Jackson is Coming, Emily, Immortality, Arcolo; To Sleep; Reflections on the Heavens, Carlos; The Sale of Hearts, Selim; Friendship, Lavinius, march 25—tf

UNION CANAL LOTTERY, CLASS No. 3, FOR 1929. 710 be drawn on Thursday, the 16th of April,

1 1829, 60 number Lottery-9 drawn ballots. SCHEME. prize of......\$30,000.....is. .....\$30,000 11475......114,750

13395 Prizes, 20825 Blanks, 34,220 Tickets, at \$8, is... \$273,760 In this Scheme, formed by the ternary combination of 60 numbers, and the drawing of nine ballots, there will be 84 Prizes, each having three of the drawn num-bers on; 1,836 each with two of them on; and 11,475

out any of the drawn numbers on, which will be danks.

5th, 8th and 9th; 6th, 7th and 8th, each. Those ten tickets having on them the 3d, 6th and 9th; 3d, 7th and 8th; 3d, 7th and 9th; 3J, 8th and 9th; 4th, 5th and 7th; 4th, 5th and 8th; 4th, 5th and 9th; 4th, 6th and 7th;

and Sti; 4th, 5th and Sti; 4th, 6th and 9th; each....

Those ten tickets having on them the 3d, 4th and 6th; 3d, 4th and 7th; 3d, 4th and 8th; 3d, 5th and 6th; 3d, 5th and 7th, 3d, 5th and 9th; 3d, 6th 6th and 7th: 2d, 6th and 8th; 2d, 6th and 9th; 2d, 7th and 8th; 2d, 7th and 9th; 2d, 8th and 9th; 3d, 4th and 5th, each.....

Those ten tickets having on them the 2d, 3d and 6th; 2d, 3d and 7th; 2d, 3d and 8th; 2d, 3d and 9th; 2d, 4th and 5th; 2d, 4th and 5th; 2d, 4th and 6th; 2d, 4th and 7th; 2d, 4th and 8th; 2d, 4th and (being 29) each.

Those 51 tickets having on them the 1st and 2d drawn numbers, each.

Those 51 tickets having on them the 2d and 3d drawn numbers, each.

Those 51 tickets having on them the 3d and 4th drawn numbers, each.

drawn numbers, each..... Those 51 ticke's baving on them the 4th and 5th

Those 51 tickets having on them the 4th and 5th drawn numbers, each.
Those 102 tickets having on them the 5th and 6th; or the 5th and 7th drawn, numbers each.
Those 102 tickets having on them the 5th, and 8th; or the 5th and 9th drawn, each.
Those 102 tickets having on them the 6th and and 7th; or the 6th and 8th drawn numbers, each.
Those 204 tickets having on them the 6th and 9th; or the 7th and 8th; or the 7th and 9th; or the 8th and 9th drawn, each.
All others with Two of the drawn numbers on, (being 1122) each. 

denomination can be entitled to an inferior prize. Prizes payable forty days after the drawing, and subject to the usual deduction of fifteen per cent. Tickets and Shares for sale at the Managers' Office, No. 121 Chesnut street, at Scheme price, \$8, until Friday night, 27th inst. after which they will advance to \$10. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Philadelphia, March 25, 1829. march 25—tf

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS. LARGE assortment of WHITEMORE'S, SMITH'S, SARGENT'S, EARLE'S & JONE'S, AND WOOD'S Cotton and Wool Cards, constantly on hand, and for sale by G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE, at their Hardware and Cutlery Store, No. 149 Market

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY.

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY.
THE opportunity afforded by the winter months has enabled the advertiser to replenish his Ware Room, anticipating as usual at the opening season, an influx of demand for the article in which he is happy to say his success in the proximity to perfection has exceeded his most sanguine expectation.

The ready sale of these improved Piano Fortes is and has been a most satisfactory test of this fact, and it is a matter of no small moment to offer again his unfeigned thanks, for the almost unparalleled encouragement with which he has been met, by his friends of the Country as well as the City.

ry as well as the City.
In thus tendering his grateful regards to his fellow ci tizens and patrons generally, he avails himself of the opportunity of offering an entire new assortment of the best production from his Manufactory, which certainly will need no verbal recommendation from himself, assured as he is that his instruments can speak purely and

firmly for themselves.

The expenses of this establishment being perhaps less than any other in the city, he feels encouraged to say that Country merchants who may be venders or have orders, will further their interest in the two fold view of judicious and pecuniary advantage in giving him a call.

Piano Fortes repaired neatly and promptly. Old ones taken in part pay for new.

E. N. SCHERR,

North West corner of Market and Eighth street.

feb. 28—4f irmly for themselves.

LEAF TOBACCO.

100 CEROONS CUBA TOBACCO, of the first quality.
do. do. spotted.
60 do. St. Domingo do. yellow and wrapper.
2000 lbs. Maryland Fillers. For sale by
A. J. BUCKNOR, N. E. corner of Union & Second streets, and 14 Arcade

Havana Cigars, and Cavendish Tobacco. TUST received and for sale at Nos. 44 and 46 Philadelphia Arcade, North end, a lot of superior Also, Brown's very old Carendish "abacco of excellent flavour, for sal- as above.

WANTED,

WHITE woman as a Cook in a small family; she must understand her business thoroughly.— Also, a coloured man as waiter. None need apply, but such as can produce unexceptionable references, as to character and ability. Apply at the Office of the Daily

TWO APPRENTICES WANTED to the Painting and Glazing busi-, ness. Inquire of Robert Hoars, No. 13 South Seventh street, 2 doors below the Franklin Institute. march 24-6t

SOLAR MICROSCOPE.

the person who has that . Labberg houses minut whose whose which was a defend to the decay of the grand the state of the grand to the decay of the grand of the course of the course of the grand has been part advanced from the axise will me

LARGE and powerful instrument is now prepared, and will be exhibited every day that the skines, at the PHILADELPHIA MUSEUM,
Between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, a selection of the
most curious and pleasing objects has been made for this
exhibition—among them may be enumerated:
The wings and proboseis of Phies and Mosquitoes.
The antenna and dust from the wings and bodies of
Matha and Rutterdies.

Moths and Butterflies. Hair and Fur.

The crystalization of a variety of salts. The formation of the Arbor Dianes. The circulation of the Blood. The Animalculu in vinegar and paste, with a variety nce, as usual, 25 cents—children 12]. march 23-tf

BEAVER HATS.

A N elegant assortment of fine
Beaver Hats, of the most fashionable English pattern, (oval top.) made particularly for retailing, and finished in the neatest manner—for sale at BULK-LEY'S fashionable HAT STORE, No. 61 South Third street, directly opposite Girard's Bank.

WALDRON'S SCYTHES. 100 DOZEN Waldron's Corn and Grass
Scythes, for sale by
G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
feb. 21-1m
No. 145 Market street.

Robert Smith, Jeweller. ANUFACTORY back of No. 45 South Seof JEWELLERY, which he will sell low for cash, or approved notes.

N. B. Old gold and silver taken in exchange for articles in his line.

march 18—6m

WINE. 20 BOXES old MADEIRA very superior.
20 cases ROYAL CO. PORT, for sale by
CHARLES WHARTON, jr. No. 237 South Front st.
or Christian street Wharf Southwark.

CHEAP BOOKS.

C EO. W. DONOHUE, No. 188 South Second
on street, four doors above Pine street, has constantly
on hand, a general assortment of MISCELLANEOUS and SCHOOL BOOKS, which he offers for sale at very ed prices.

N. B. The highest prices given for rags. Stationary and Blank Books. OR SALE by GEO. W. DONOHUE, No. 188 South Second street, four doors labove Pine street, an assortment of BLANK BOOKS and STA-TIONARY, at very moderate prices.

Blank Books made to order, and books bound in a neat and substantial manner.

jan. 5—dtf

BURLINGTON HAMS, OF a very superior quality for family use, with a general assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCERIES, which will be sold at moderate prices.

M. HAFFELFINGER,

N. E. corner of Fourth and Branch streets.

GIBSONS & BELL, No. 81 South Front street, Have imported in the Tuscarora, Delaware, Montes and John Wells, just arrived from Liverpool, 7 PACKAGES of DESIRABLE SPRING GOODS, consisting of superfine CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FANCY VESTINGS, CRAVAT-TINGS, PANTALOON STUFFS, black CIRCAS-SIANS, silk and cotton HOSIERY, KID GLOVES, &c. &c. which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, for cash or approved paper. march 23—eo8t

JOHNSON & CLARK, No. 14 SOUTH FRONT STREET, HAVE just received on consignment, a quan tity of new and fashionable GOODS, which will be sold at the importers' lowest prices, among which

I case extra super FRENCH EMBROIDERED COL-LARS, do. do. do. do. do. l do. LINEN CAMBRIC,

l do. do. do. HDKF HDKFS. do. BOUDARD'S HOSKIN GLOVES, best quality, do. heavy GREEN MARCELINE, for Umbrellas, do, super CRAPE DE LYONS, new article, do. plain colored ITALIAN NETTS, do. green FRENCH SEWING,

230 doz. BOX PINS, I case super beavy plain blue-black SILK VESTING, I do. IMITATION STEEL BUTTONS, 500 gro. STEEL SHOE ORNAMENTS & CLASPS.

FIRE WOOD.

HE Subscribers have a constant supply of Hickory and Oak Fire Wood, of the first quality, which they will sell at moderate prices.

Apply at the yard, on the Schoylkill, second wharf below Fairmount Water Works.

J. R. & J. M. BOLTON,

The prices for carting are the same as from the Delaware wharves. THE Subscribers have a constant supply of

CHEAP BOOKS AND STATIONARY.

No. 194 Callowhill street, Philadelphia.

THE Subscriber offers Family Bibles, Testaments; English Readers, Geographys and Atlas; Greenleal's and Murray's Grammars, and others; Comply's and Webster's Spelling Books, Cyphering and Copy Books; Memorandum and Blank Books; Blank Books, warranted to be bound in the strongest manner; Teachers supplied with School Books of all descriptions on the lowest terms. Blank Books found to order, as on the lowest terms. Blank Books bound to order, as heap as any establishment in the city, by jan. 23—6m JAMES CHESNUT.

JOHN MONELL, TAILOR. ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the pub-lic, that he still continues the above business at his destablished stand, No. 20 South Third street, where he will be happy to furnish all articles in his line on th

Six or eight Pantaloon and Vest makers wanted GILCHRIESTS Manifold Writing Apparatus. SUPPLY just received and for sale by

SAMUEL M. STEWART, No. 122 Chesnut street. TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS. THE subscriber offers for sale at his manufactory, 51 North Third street, boots and sho Lory, 51 North Third street, boots and shoes of the first quality. The articles are made up in the neatest and most fashionable style, under the subscriber's immediate inspection. A reasonable deduction will be made to wholesale merchants.

P. G. NAGLE, march 13-tf 4 doors above the City Hotel.

Lafavette Office again Lucky THE following are the drawn numbers, Union Canal Lottery, No. 2, for 1829: 34 16 35-45 39 18 38 33 53. The following were sold by the Subscribers:

18 33 33, half of....\$2025 | 18 33 39, quarter of. \$500 | 18 39 55, do......1000 | 39 45 53, do......400 | 33 38 39, quarter of. 1000 | Besides several of smaller denon

No. 33 South Third street.

Foreign notes discounted on liberal terms, or taken at march 25—tf CLINTON & Co.

NEW BOOKS, OR sale by E. LITTELL, No. 136 Chesnut street:-Tales of the Great St. Bernard, by the au-The Protestant, a Tale by the author of De Foix, &c.

Life in India, or, the English at Calcuts. Letters from the West, by the Hon. Judge Hall. Zillah, a Tale of Jerusalem. EMPLOYMENT WANTED. PERSON who has been accustomed to business, is desirous of obtaining a situation in a store counting-house, in the capacity of Clerk. He would a willing to devote his services in any respectable em-

ployment, for a moderate comp usation.
Satisfactory references can be given. Inquire at the
N. W. corner of Eighth and Filbert streets, where pecimens of his writing may be seen. march 13--1m

WANTED, A CHAMBERMAID—one who would have an objection to assist, in taking care of two small children would be preferred. Apply at this Office.

NOTICE. ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late Mr. WILLIAM LACE, deceased, furmerly Coach Spring Maker, are requested to present their accounts properly attested, and those indebted to said-estate to make payment unto GEORGE P. BON-NIN, 68 Queen street, Southwark, who is duly authorised to settle, the business of said-estate.

JANE COTTON, march 24—eo-4w Administratrix to said-Estate.

BEEF, in Small Barrels,

FOR FAMILY USE. BARRELS of superior PICKLED and SPICED CORNED BEEF, containing is each barrel four entire rounds of Beef, put up with much care, suitable for families, or hotels, and is for mle in small lots, or by the single barrel.
ALSO,

50 barrels MESS PORK, in fine order, 100 barrels PRIME PORK, do. 200 small kegs-No. 1 LARD, For sale by march 21-eost M. DRURY, No. 186 Market street.

WILLIAM NORRIS, JR. 173 MARKET STREET.

AS received and is now opening, a LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FRESH SPRING GOODS, consisting in part of Super extra new style Chintz Prints, Maltese and Bavarian do. do. Fancy Calico, super sprig do. do. Orange Check Ginghama, fancy Batiste, Manchester Ginghama, fancy Batiste, Manchester Ginghama, Gingham Dresses, White and coloured Robes, Combries, Jaconetts, Mulls, plain and figured Swiss, Tape stripe, check and dotted Jaconets, Large and small figured Book Muslins, Swiss Bands, Collars and Pelerines, British Long Cloths, Cravat Muslin, Jaconett Cravats, Berkley Hdkfs.

Madras and Paris Hdkfs. Brittanias, Jaconett Cravus, Berkley Hdkfs.

Madras and Paris Hdkfs. Brittanias,
Navarino Rainbow, and Sporting Hdkfs.

Irish Linens, Lawns, Diaper and Table Cloths, Irish Linens, Lawns, Diaper and Table Clothe, Extra superfine Linen Cambries, Lixen Cambrie Hilkfs. a great variety, Fancy Silk Hdkfs, Barrege and Brilliantine Scar Grou de Naple, Gause and Barrege Hdkfs. Worsted Barrege, Norwich Check Crapes, Palme Italian Lutestrings, Gros de Berlin Marcellines, Black, blue, prese and white Crapes, Black, blue, green and white Crapes, Black Italian Cravats, black India Silk Hdkfs. Spittalfield Bandannoe and Flag Silk Hdkfs. Spittalfield Bandannoe and Flag Silk Hdkfs. English spun Silk Bandannoes, Canton Crapes, Mandaria Dresses, Bird-eye Hdkfs. Black and fancy Silk Vestings, Silk Gloves, Best Hoskin, Kid and Beaver Gloves, Black, white and coloured Braid, Pipings, Black, white and coloured Braid, Pipings, Black, white and coloured Mantua Ribbons, Gauze, Satin, and rich Belt Ribbons of all Nos. Best Maraboo Cap Ribbons, new style, Silk Velvet and Velvet Vestings, Super black Bombazines, Circassian Pantaloon Stuffs, French Drillings, Super Satteens, London Quiltings, Bobbinett Laces, Veils and Thread Edging, Dimities, Marseilles, black Tabby Velvet, Bang-up Cords, super Granville stripe Bang-ups, Womens' superfine Cotton-Hosiery, white half Hose, Brown and mixt half Hose, Silk Hosiery, Best blue and coloured Italian sewings, Twist, Cotton Balls, best London Pius;

And a large assortment of remarkably cheap ELEC-TORATE, superine and common CLOTHS, CASSI-MERES, VALENCIA VESTINGS, LASTINGS, &c. &c. With an assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS generally, which will be sold at the lowest prices by the ackage or piece, for each or negotiable paper. feb. 28—d8t&co.

TO MANUFACTURERS. THE Subscribers having the Agency for the and have them delivered in this City irre of expense or risk, from the Manufactories of W. WHITTEMORE & Co., J. & J. A. SMITH & Co., ISAAC SOUTH-

& Co., J. & J. A. SMITH & Co., ISAAC SOUTH-GATE & Co., SILAS EARLE, PLINY EARLE, and JONES & WOOD, all of Massachusetts.

They also keep on hand an extensive assortment of SHEET and FILLET CARDS, together with WHITTEMORE'S, SMITH'S, SARGEA. T'S, & EARLE'S HAND CARDS, both for Cotton and Wool. Apply at their Hardware and Cutlery Store, No. 149 Market street, Philadelphia.

G. M. & G. R. JUSTICK.

Comb Plate, Cleaning Combs, Fullers' Jacks, say also be had of them.

PAPER WAREHOUSE,
NO. 4 DECATUR STREET.

DULL & WHITE have the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest prices for cash. or good acceptances, viz:

Royal de. Medium de. do. No. 1 2 and 3 Cap writing Pag do. Folio do. do.

220 Hanging or Stainers do.

70 Royal and Super Royal hardware Paper.

125 Blue Cap Paper.

200 Hrown Wrapping Paper.

140 Medium do. do.

125 grs. Boanet Boards.

Book-binders Boards No. 95

Trunk do. 16 to 22.

Medium and Demi writing Paper.
Plate, Parchment and Tissue do.
Imperial, Super Royal and Royal coloured Paper.
Envelope Paper, Cap Wrappers, and Blank Cards.
Bleaching Salts, Alum and Twine and Felting. nders Boards No. 35 to 65.

City Commissioners' Office, PROPOSALS will be received at the City Commissioners' Office for furnishing CURB AND PAVING STONE for the city for the present year, 1929; the curb stone not to be less than 20 inches in depth, and of the ordinary thickness; the paving stone fo be the best quality of water stone. Part of the curb and peving stone must be delivered immediately at the Drawbridge wharf, for paving the said wharf. The proposals will state the price of the curb stone per foot, and of the paving stone per load. By order of the Commissioners, JOHN NORVELL, march 17—tf City Clerk. March 14th, 1829.

NEW MARKET HAT MANUFACTORY. NEW MARKET HAT MANUFACTORY.

No. 242 South Second street.

BENJAMIN PINE respectfully in forms his Friends and the Public in general, that he still continues the above business, in all its various branches, at No. 242 South Second street, opposite the New Market, where he hopes to meet with a share of the public patronage.

Elegant long-napped WATER-PROOF HATS, or \$3, all warranted water proof.

N. B. Hats of every shape or quality made to order, at the shortest notice. A constant supply of WOOL HATS kept on hand, which will be sold at reduced prices. - may 14—if

HAT MANUFACTURER, No. 55
SOUTH THIRD STREET, a lew doors below Chesnut, is daily re-eciving from his own Manufactory, and has now on hand, a general assortment of HATS of the latest fashions, and of the best materials and workmanship, which he will sell as low, and on as accommodating terms, as any other establishment in the United States, wholesale or retail, for each or city acceptances.

Merchants will find it to their interest to call a

above, before purchasing elsewhere. Wholesale dealers may rest assured of their Hats being packed Hats for the South American or West India market got up at the shortest notice, and all orders will meet with despatch, and be thankfully received. N.B. HATS of every shape or quality, made to-

A Gentleman of Respectability, WELL established in a profitable business, finding the same encreasing, and that it may be encreased considerably with perfect safety, by the addition of capital, is inclined to take a partner; either an active partner or otherwise as he is himself quite capable of managing the same—any Gentlessan having \$1000 at liberty will find this deserving of notice, and a note addressed, R. P. with real name, &c. will meet immediate attention.

A YOUNG MAN, WHO has served several years to the Chine, WHO has served several years to the China, Delf and Glass Business, as Salesman, & A. wishes a situation in a respectable Establishment. His references will prove astisfactory, and terms moderate, but must be engaged by the year.

Also, a steady middle aged man, who would accept on moderate terms, a situation as Collector, &c. and who would give ample security for any amount he might be intrusted with. A line addressed to T. W. S. and left at this Office, will be immediately attended to. march 24—eco.

march 24-eo31 BOARDERS WANTED.

FIVE or SIX gentlemen can be accommodated with Board on reasonable terms and in a pleasant situation. Inquire at No. 20 Arch street, march 17—colm